



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30th, 2024



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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District

Burlingame, California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND RESIDENTS OF SAN MATEO COUNTY:

State law requires special districts to annually publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial statements of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient and reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. Therefore, the District's comprehensive internal controls framework has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Pun Group, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have audited the District's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were fairly presented, in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

District Description

The San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District is an independent special district formed by the residents of San Mateo County in 1916 to control mosquitoes and protect the health and comfort of local residents. The District currently encompasses all 455 square miles of San Mateo County. It covers most of the Peninsula south of San Francisco, bordered east by San Francisco Bay and west by the Pacific Ocean. The area enjoys a mild Mediterranean climate ranging in temperature from an average low of 42 degrees F in winter to an average high of 80 degrees F in summer. The average annual rainfall is 23 inches, most of which is received between November and May. Approximately 765,000 people live within the District's boundaries. Services provided by the District include mosquito control, yellowjacket and wasp nest removal, municipal rat control, surveillance for vector-borne diseases, and advice to property owners on vector issues. In FY 23-24, the District had an annual budget of approximately \$9.0 million. It is supported by a Special Mosquito Control parcel tax and ad valorem taxes in the original District and a benefit assessment in the North and West County Assessment area (Figure 1).



Figure 1: Map of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Assessment Areas.

The District is governed by a 21-member Board of Trustees, consisting of one representative from each city in the County and one representing the County at large. The Board of Trustees meets ten times a year and oversees the District's finances, setting policy and supervising the District Manager.

Staff positions include 23 permanent and between 8 and 10 seasonal staff. The permanent staff consists of a District Manager, Field Operations Director, Finance Director, Laboratory Director, Information and Technology Director, Public Health Education & Outreach Coordinator, a Field Operations Supervisor, ten field staff, a Facilities Manager, and a support staff consisting of two finance staff, and three laboratory positions.

History

The San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District was formed in 1916 following the passage of enabling legislation, the Mosquito Abatement Act of California (California Health and Safety Code Section 2000-2093). It is one of the oldest vector control districts in California. The original agency, Three Cities Mosquito Abatement District, was formed in 1916 to control mosquitoes in San Mateo, Burlingame, and Hillsborough using an integrated mosquito management program developed by entomologists from the University of California. In 1953, the Three Cities Mosquito Abatement District and the Pulgas Mosquito Abatement District merged to form the San Mateo County Mosquito Abatement District, which covered the area from Burlingame to the southern border of the county, on the eastern side of the Coast Ranges from approximately Hwy 280 to San Francisco Bay. In 2003, the District annexed the cities of Brisbane, Colma, Daly City, South San Francisco, most parcels in San Bruno, and communities west of I-280 such as Año Nuevo, Half Moon Bay, El Granada, and Pacifica, and other unincorporated areas in San Mateo County generally located west of Interstate 280 (the "North and West County Assessment Areas" Figure 1). In 2007, the County Department of Environmental Health asked the District to take over responsibility for all vector control services that had formerly come under the County's purview. The District changed its name to the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District.

Program Description

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District uses integrated vector management to protect the public from disease, discomfort, and injury caused by mosquitoes and other vectors. Integrated vector management is the coordinated use of information about pest population, biology, and the host environment, combined with the best available control methods to prevent disease and discomfort using the most economical means while minimizing possible impacts to people, property, and the environment. The District's program uses various techniques to protect public health, including surveillance of vector populations and disease risk, public outreach and education, and physical, biological, and chemical control measures to reduce vector populations.

Funding

The District is supported primarily by property taxes. These revenues are from three sources: a portion of ad valorem taxes from properties in the original district, a Special Mosquito Control tax passed by voters in 1974, and a benefit assessment passed by voters in 2003. The ad valorem tax and Special Mosquito Control tax apply only to properties within the boundaries of the original district (outlined in dark orange on the map in Figure 1).

The North and West Assessment Area (the area in tan on the map above) was added to the District in 2003, pay the benefit assessment. Ad valorem taxes are 0.000018505 cents per \$1.00 of property taxes. The Special Mosquito Control Tax is a flat \$3.74 per parcel and does not allow for cost-of-living adjustments. The North and West Assessment Area is divided into two zones. Zone B includes rural mountainous parts of the District; Zone A encompasses the remaining densely populated portion of the annexed area.

In fiscal year 2023-24, there was a 3.5% change from the prior year in the amount of Benefit Assessment levied: \$20.78 and \$20.41 per Single Family Equivalent (SFE) in Zone A or B, respectively. This Benefit Assessment Area is subject to annual adjustments tied to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the San Francisco Bay Area, with a maximum yearly adjustment of up to 3% plus any CPI adjustments for prior years that were not levied. The District currently has used the remaining banked CPI in FY 24-25. In fiscal year 2023-24, the District budgeted \$9.0 million in revenue from all sources where appropriate, including the use of the District's Real Property Acquisition Reserve in the amount of \$2.0 million. It is Board policy for the District to pass balanced budgets annually.

Long Term Financial Planning

In 2018, the District Board of Trustees adopted a Financial Projection Model to be used as a basis for future decision-making (Figure 2). Based on historical information and projections of revenues and expenditures, the District is looking at a relatively stable financial outlook over the next eight years. Annual fund balance varies insignificantly on a year-to-year basis. Average revenue and expenditure growth during the projection period is 2.9% annually. The resulting fund balance is stable but potentially increases by approximately 6.8% over the 9-year projection period. That said, District management and the Board are committed to passing a balanced budget each fiscal year. The District plans for long-term capital needs through a Long-Term Capital Improvement Plan. The Financial Projection Model and Long-Term Capital Improvement Plan are reviewed and updated annually. The graph below (Figure 2) shows Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balance projections as they existed at the beginning of fiscal year 2019-20. As illustrated, in fiscal year 19-20, there was a one-time increase in revenue due to the sale of District property located in Redwood City, CA. This was incorporated into the budget for fiscal year 19-20. The graph below (Figure 3) shows the fund balance projection components for the same time period. In FY 21-22, there was a reduction in fund balances due to the use of the Real Property Acquisition Reserve to purchase real property, which was consummated in July 2021.

Budgetary Control

The Board of Trustees adopts on an annual basis the District Budget consisting of the General Fund and Capital Improvement. Fund. The level of budgetary control consists of the main categories of Salaries and Wages, Employee Benefits, Training, Administration, Insurance Computer, Facilities, Utilities, Operations, Laboratory, Public Outreach, Debt Service, and Capital Improvements. Any changes to these major categories must be approved by the Board of Trustees at any given meeting. Changes to subcategories within these accounts are delegated to the District Manager for approval.

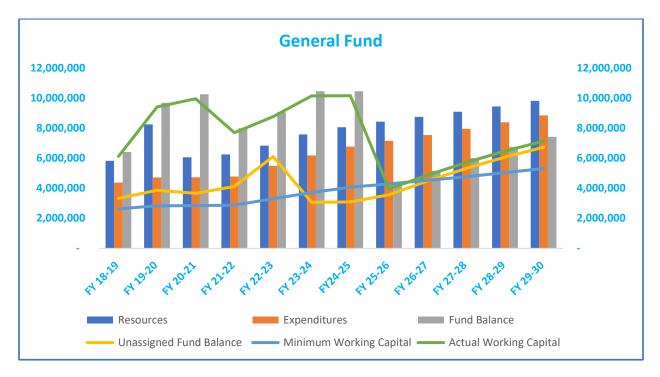
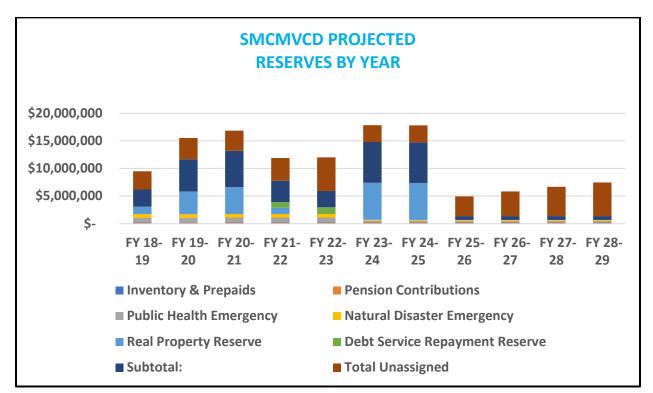


Figure 2: Financial projection of Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balances for fiscal year 2018-19 through 28-30.

Figure 3: Projections of components of fund balance from FY 18-19 through FY 28-29.



Financial Policies

The District has a broad range of Financial Policies that impact the financial aspects of District operations. They include the following:

Fixed Asset Control District Insurance Programs Fraud Prevention Cash Management District Reserves Disposal of Surplus Property Cash Disbursements Investment of District Funds Accounts Payable Management Budget Preparation Journal Entry Approval

New for FY 2023-24

The District has initiated a long-term real property construction and rehabilitation project for its newly acquired facility at 1415 N. Carolan Ave., Burlingame. As of now, it is too early to provide a precise estimate of the project's final costs. However, initial projections suggest expenses may range from \$9.0 to \$ 11.0 million. The District will determine the most advantageous financing strategy once more accurate estimates are obtained through bid proposals from construction contractors.

Additionally, the District has established a second depository for District funds. Currently, the primary depository remains the County of San Mateo County Treasury. In addition to this, the District has recently set up an alternative depository with California CLASS, a joint powers authority authorized to accept public funds in compliance with all relevant California and local government regulations. An initial deposit of \$200,000 including subsequent deposits has already been transferred, and further transfers are planned to continue in FY 2024-25.

Strategic Plan

In September 2018, the Board of Trustees approved an update to the Strategic Plan. The strategic plan defines the Board's Vision for the future and serves as the basis for budgeting decisions and allocating financial resources.

Vision Statement

We are an agency that protects public health through a science-based program of integrated vector management, which is responsive to the community and prepared to adapt to new challenges.

Mission Statement

To safeguard the health and comfort of the citizens of San Mateo County through a science-based program of integrated vector management.

Strategic Objectives

1. Reduce or eliminate host-seeking vector populations and maintain consistency in control operations by evaluating vector populations before and after they are carried out.

- 2. Use scientific methods to evaluate the distribution of vectors and vector-borne diseases in nature and work toward preventing the occurrence of human cases among District residents.
- 3. Engage in research and development to optimize the District's ability to carry out its mission with available resources.
- 4. Maintain a highly motivated, productive staff that is aware of, and has access to, the latest materials, technologies, and techniques in vector control.
- 5. Ensure residents are aware of the District's Integrated Vector Management Program and cooperate with the recommendations to reduce populations of vectors and minimize the risk to human health posed by vectors.
- 6. Ensure that residents are aware of District services, utilize them as needed, and are satisfied with the service they receive.
- 7. Cultivate strong, mutually beneficial relationships with local, state, county, and federal agencies.
- 8. Conduct all aspects of District business in a transparent and accountable manner.
- 9. Adequately maintain the District's physical assets and keep them up to date with the best technology available.
- 10. Anticipate and be prepared to respond to future scientific, operational, and financial challenges.
- 11. Ensure that the Board of Trustees operates in an ethical manner, makes sound decisions based on current and complete information, and has the capacity to lead the agency effectively.
- 12. Ensure that District finances are adequately managed to provide for long term financial stability and sustainability.

Awards and Acknowledgements

In 2023, the District renewed its District of Distinction Accreditation and its District Transparency Certificate of Excellence. The District earned these honors for the first time in 2016 and has continuously maintained certification. The District Transparency Certificate of Excellence and the District of Distinction Accreditation are programs administered by the Special District Leadership Foundation (SDLF) and supported by the California Special Districts Association. The SDLF is an independent, non-profit organization that promotes good governance and best practices among California's special districts through certification, accreditation, and other recognition programs.

The District of Distinction Accreditation is a way for districts to highlight their prudent fiscal practices along with other areas important to effectively operate and govern a special district, including:

- > Operates in a fiscally responsible and transparent manner.
- Has current and relevant policies and procedures in place.
- > Emphasizes continuing education of both Board and Staff.
- Provides sound policies in board governance and conduct.

The District Transparency Certificate of Excellence covers all general, website, and outreach best practices and requirements regarding transparency for special districts and demonstrates that the District:

- > Follows best practices and other requirements regarding district transparency.
- > Demonstrates the District's effort to being open and accessible to constituents and stakeholders.
- > Supports the District's commitment to creating greater awareness of District activities.

Finally, this will be the seventh Annual Comprehensive Financial Report submitted to the Governmental Financial Officers Association. The District received the Excellence in Financial Reporting award for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, through June 30, 2023.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the District staff. We want to express our appreciation to all employees of the District who assisted and contributed to preparing this report. Credit must also be given to the Board of Trustees, particularly the Finance Committee, for their unfailing support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in managing the District's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard S. Arrow

Richard S. Arrow, CPA Finance Director

Date: December 3, 2024

Brian Weber

Brian Weber District Manager



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Board of Trustees as of June 30, 2024

Trustee Name

Mason Brutschy **Chuck Cotten** Carolyn Parker Rena Gilligan Laura Walsh **Desiree LaBeaud** Glenn R. Sylvester Donna Rutherford Paul Norton Kati Martin D. Scott Smith Catherine Carlton Muhammad Baluom Peter DeJarnatt **Ray Williams** Kat Lion Robert Riechel **Ron Collins** Ed Degliantoni Michael Yoshida Paul Fregulia

City/Town

Atherton Belmont Brisbane Burlingame Colma County-at-Large Daly City East Palo Alto Foster City Half Moon Bay Hillsborough Menlo Park Millbrae Pacifica Portola Valley Redwood City San Bruno San Carlos San Mateo South San Francisco Woodside



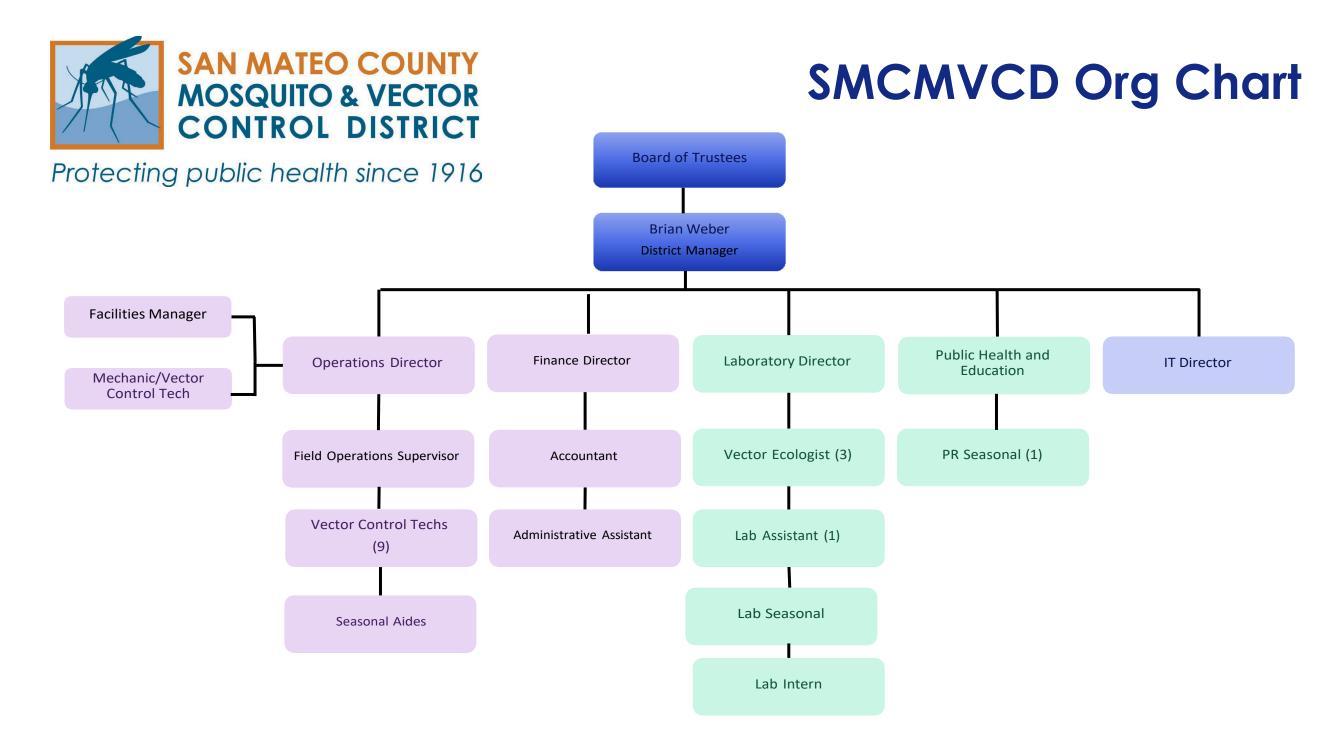
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San Mateo County Mosquito & Vector Control District Executive Staff as of June 30, 2024

- District Manager Finance Director Laboratory Director Public Outreach Officer Information & Technology Director Operations Director
- Brian Weber Richard S. Arrow, CPA Angie Nakano Rachel Curtis-Robles Matthew Nienhuis Casey Stevenson



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

San Mateo County Mosquito & Vector Control District California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Burlingame, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



To the Board of Trustees of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Burlingame, California Page 2

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Contributions – Pensions, the Schedule of the Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of Contributions – OPEB as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. To the Board of Trustees of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Burlingame, California Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Capital Projects Fund budgetary comparison schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Capital Projects Fund budgetary schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2024, on our consideration of District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Run Group, UP

Santa Ana, California December 3, 2024

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) introduces the financial statements of the San Mateo County Mosquito & Vector Control District (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The District's net position of \$18,437,914 was an increase of 8.9%, or \$1,504,132 from the prior year.
- General Fund Total revenue from all sources increased by 11.1%, or \$759,399 from the prior year. This was primarily due to an increase in property taxes due to growth in property values and investment pool earnings derived from the District's investment pool due to required "mark to market" adjustments required by accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
- General Fund Total expenditures increased by \$713,399 (12.7%) from the prior fiscal year primarily due to salary and wages increasing by \$254,211 (8.5%), Employee Benefits by \$427,846 (47.3%) and materials and services by \$31,342 (2.5%). These increases resulted from collective bargaining agreements, a significant increase in employee retirement expenditures due to updated required contributions promulgated by the San Mateo County Retirement Association, and general inflationary pressures experienced by the District.
- The outstanding long-term debt of the district (\$3,455,895) includes real estate financing as well as lease agreements.
- District obligations for Other Post Employee Benefits (OPEB) are fully funded by an OPEB Trust established in 2015 (see note 6 of the financial statements).
- In fiscal year 2018-19, the District began accounting for Capital Expenditures in a separate Capital Projects Fund. These expenditures were previously accounted for in the General Fund in fiscal year 2017-18. The District's Long Term Capital Improvement Plan outlines how the District will budget to maintain its equipment and infrastructure.
- In fiscal year 2018-19, the Board established a Pension Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund to pay for potential unfunded liabilities that may arise in the future and cause increases in the District's Required Employer Contribution Rate. Such increases have arisen in the past due to changes in economic market conditions or actuarial assumptions used by the county pension fund.

Using This Financial Report

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements. The Government-wide Financial Statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the long term financial status, activities and performance of the District, using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the District's capital structure and assessing its liquidity and financial flexibility. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities. This statement measures the success of the District's financial operations over the past year and can be used to determine the District's performance and creditworthiness.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Condensed Statement of Net Position									
	Ju	ine 30, 2024	Ju	ine 30, 2023		Change	% Change		
Assets									
Current Assets	\$	11,376,213	\$	10,011,458	\$	1,364,755	13.6%		
Non Current Assets		877,642		829,105		48,537	5.9%		
Capital Assets, Net		10,282,381		10,549,554		(267,173)	-2.5%		
Total Assets:	\$	22,536,236	\$	21,390,117	\$	1,146,119	5.4%		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,496,672	\$	1,133,393	\$	363,279	32.1%		
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities	\$	722,449	\$	483,889	\$	238,560	49.3%		
Non Current Liabilities		4,617,687		4,691,281		(73,594)	-1.6%		
Total Liabilities:	\$	5,340,136	\$	5,175,170	\$	164,966	3.2%		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	254,858	\$	414,558	\$	(159,700)	-38.5%		
Net Position:									
Net Investment In Capital Assets	\$	6,826,486	\$	6,854,060	\$	(27,574)	-0.4%		
* Restricted		981,943		114,879		867,064	754.8%		
Unrestricted		10,629,485		9,964,843		664,642	6.7%		
Total Net Position	\$	18,437,914	\$	16,933,782	\$	1,504,132	8.9%		
* Includes restriction for pension contribu	tions plus	restriction fo	or C	PEB. Prior ye	earo	did not includ	e OPEB.		

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better or worse off as a result of this year's financial activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes to it. Think of the District's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position over time. Increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors need to be considered as well, such as changes in the District's property tax base, to assess the *District's overall health*. The District's revenues increased for fiscal year 2023-24, and its net position improved.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental fund financial statements are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Because the focus of governmental fund statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The *Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position* (page 28) and the *Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities* (page 30) facilitate this comparison between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to fully understanding the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Analysis - Government-Wide Financial Statements

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's long term financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,437,914 as of June 30, 2024. As a result, the District's Total Net Position improved by \$1,504,132 in FY 23-24.

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the District showed a positive balance in its unrestricted net position of \$10,629,485 an increase of \$664,642 from the prior year. This was due principally to revenue greater than budgeted (\$658,294) and less than anticipated expenditures (net of transfers) of (\$711,025), including various changes to reserve levels approved by the District Board on June 30, 2024.

The Condensed Statement of Activities below shows how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. The increase in Net Position resulted from higher revenues and lower expenses than those in the previous fiscal year.

Condensed Statements of Activities							
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Change	% Change			
Program Revenues	\$ 2,488,989	\$ 2,410,576	\$ 78,413	3.3%			
Expenses	\$ (6,141,642) \$ (5,452,420)	\$ (689,222)	12.6%			
Net Program Expense	\$ (3,652,653) \$ (3,041,844)	\$ (610,809)	20.1%			
General Revenues	\$ 5,156,785	\$ 4,443,714	\$ 713,071	16.0%			
Change in Net Position	\$ 1,504,132	\$ 1,401,870	\$ 102,262	7.3%			
Net Position - Beginning of Year	\$ 16,933,782	\$ 15,531,912	\$ 1,401,870	9.0%			
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 18,437,914	\$ 16,933,782	\$ 1,504,132	8.9%			

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total revenues from all sources increased by 11.5%, or \$791,484 from the prior year. The table below shows the sources of Program and General Revenues received in 2023-24. The District's ad valorem property tax increased by 4.8% or \$164,218, while there were negligible changes to the benefit assessment and special control tax.

Tax revenue for the year increased primarily due to increased property tax revenue, which grew due to a 2% rate increase of all classes of property and an average increase of 7.9% in the taxable property values driven by increased local real estate market values. Also, accounting for the change included in FY 23-24, there was a significant increase in investment earnings due to the "mark to market conditions" experienced in FY 22-23 as required by GASB.

Sources of Program and General Revenue								
Program Revenue:	Ju	ne 30, 202 4	Ju	ne 30, 2023		Change	% Change	
Service Abatement Revenue	\$	178,946	\$	196,867	\$	(17,921)	-9.1%	
Operating Grants and Contributions								
Special Benefit Assessment		1,820,829		1,724,614		96,215	5.6%	
Special Mosquito Control Tax		489,214		489,095		119	0.0%	
Total Program Revenues	\$	2,488,989	\$	2,410,576	\$	78,413	3.3%	
General Revenue:								
Property Taxes	\$	3,573,660	\$	3,409,442	\$	164,218	4.8%	
Other Tax Revenue		921,949		828,713		93,236	11.3%	
Investment Earnings		621,023		186,772		434,251	NA	
Other Revenues		40,153		18,787		21,366	113.7%	
Total General Revenues	\$	5,156,785	\$	4,443,714	\$	713,071	16.0%	
Total Revenues	\$	7,645,774	\$	6,854,290	\$	791,484	11.5%	

Total expenses increased 12.6% (\$ 689,722) in the current year. This includes operational expenses, depreciation of capital assets, and interest expense for vehicle leases. Included in Operations are all salaries, benefits, services, and supplies that are contained in the tables included herein. Operations expenses increased by 11.9% due to increased salary, benefits, and other operational costs. Depreciation and amortization Expense increased by \$99,817 due to purchasing District facilities (real property). Debt service expenses decrease primarily due to the scheduled annual debt service payments decreased.

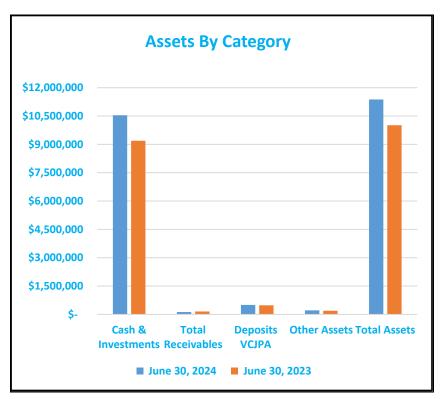
Total Expenses:	Ju	ne 30, 2024	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Change	% Change
Operations	\$	5,692,606	\$	5,086,879	\$ 605,727	11.9%
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		340,491		240,674	99,817	41.5%
Debt Service		108,545		124,867	(16,322)	-13.1%
Total	\$	6,141,642	\$	5,452,420	\$ 689,222	12.6%

Analysis - Government Fund Financial Statements

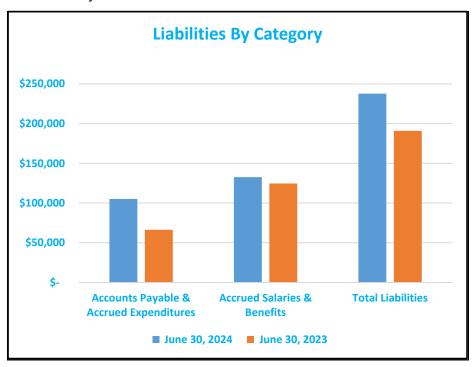
The following Balance Sheet and accompanying charts compare the District assets, liabilities, and fund balance as of June 30, 2024, to those of the previous fiscal year. Cash and Investments make up the majority of the District's assets. In FY 23-24, the District's cash and investments were 15.7% higher than in the previous fiscal year. Current liabilities were higher by 34.9%. These are represented by accounts payable, salaries and benefits payable and other accrued expenditures.

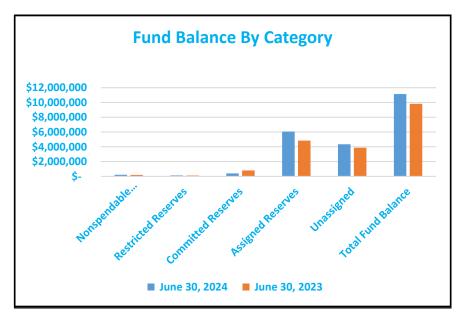
Balance Sheet (General Fund)								
	Ju	ine 30, 2024	Ju	ne 30, 2023		Change	% Change	
Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$	9,745,822	\$	8,311,595	\$	1,434,227	17.3%	
Restricted Cash and Investments		124,363		114,879		9,484	8.3%	
Accrued Interest Receivable		55,076		65,423		(10,347)	-15.8%	
Accounts Receivable		24,132		41,842		(17,710)	-42.3%	
Other Receivables		37,049		38,863		(1,814)	-4.7%	
Materials and Supplies Inventory		170,595		160,226		10,369	6.5%	
Deposits VCJPA		500,948		477,718		23,230	4.9%	
Prepaid Items		39,750		32,217		7,533	23.4%	
Total Assets	\$	10,697,735	\$	9,242,763	\$	1,454,972	15.7%	
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and and Accrued Expenditures	\$	105,143	\$	51,645	\$	53,498	103.6%	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		132,500		124,544		7,956	6.4%	
Total Liabilities	\$	237,643	\$	176,189	\$	61,454	34.9%	
Fund Balance								
Reserves:								
Nonspendable	\$	210,345	\$	192,443	\$	17,902	9.3%	
Restricted		124,363		114,879		9,484	8.3%	
Committed		400,000		800,000		(400,000)	-50.0%	
Assigned		5,384,670		4,084,670		1,300,000	31.8%	
Unassigned		4,340,714		3,874,582		466,132	12.0%	
Total Fund Balance	\$	10,460,092	\$	9,066,574	\$	1,393,518	15.4%	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	10,697,735	\$	9,242,763	\$	1,454,972	15.7%	

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024



* Deposits with the VCJPA represent funds on deposit with the District's self-insurance group, the Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA). The District keeps a balance in two contingency accounts to cover two years worth of insurance premiums, deductibles, and retained limits for all insurance categories. These funds may be used for insurance or other purposes as determined by the Board of Trustees.





CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS								
	FY Ending 2024		FY Ending 2023	Variance	% Change			
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	9,820,594	\$ 8,751,531	\$ (2,532,117)	NA			
Revenues:								
Service Abatement Revenue		178,946	196,867	(17,921)	-9.1%			
Special Benefit Assessment		1,820,829	1,724,614	96,215	5.6%			
Special Mosquito Control Tax		489,214	489,095	119	0.0%			
Property Taxes		3,573,660	3,409,441	164,219	4.8%			
Other Tax Revenue		921,949	828,713	93,236	11.3%			
Investment Earnings		621,023	186,772	434,251	232.5%			
Other Revenue		40,153	18,787	21,366	113.7%			
Lease Financing		-	22,641	(22,641)	-100.0%			
Total Revenue		7,645,774	6,876,930	768,844	11.2%			
Expenditures								
Salaries and Benefits		4,578,778	3,896,721	682,057	17.5%			
Materials and Services		1,295,676	1,264,646	31,030	2.5%			
Debt Service		348,144	359,027	(10,883)	-3.0%			
Capital Outlay		105,200	287,473	(182,273)	-63.4%			
Total Expenditures		6,327,798	5,807,867	519,931	9.0%			
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,317,976	1,069,063	248,913	NA			
Ending Fund Balance	\$	11,138,570	\$ 9,820,594	\$ 1,317,976	13.4%			

District Reserves

As of June 30, 2024, the District reported a total fund balance of \$11,138,570. \$4,340,174 constitutes the District's *unassigned fund balance*, which is necessary to provide working capital from the beginning of the next fiscal year in July until the receipt of property tax funds in December. This represents approximately 60% of the FY 2023-24 budgeted operational expenditures.

The Board of Trustees allocated a portion of the District's Fund Balance to various Reserve Funds. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles defines the categories of reserves as follows:

- Restricted Reserves that are legally restricted as to their use. These include funds reserved for Pension Rate Stabilization to be used if there are unexpected increases in retirement expenditures.
- Non-spendable Reserves that are not available for expenditure. This includes resources such as inventory or other prepaid expenditures.
- Committed Reserves that are committed for specific purposes by action of the District's governing board. Expenditure of these funds requires formal action by the governing board.
- > Assigned Reserves that are assigned for a specific purpose by the governing board
- Unassigned All other fund balances that are not designated to the above categories. This includes amounts available for working capital.

The following table shows the Board-approved reserve balances in FY 2024 as compared to FY 2023:

Reserves	Category	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Nonspendable	Nonspendable	\$ 210,345	\$ 192,443
Pension Rate Stabilization	Restricted	124,363	114,879
Public Health Emergency	Committed	200,000	800,000
Natural Disaster Emergency	Assigned	200,000	650,000
Real Property Reserve	Assigned	5,384,670	2,434,670
Debt Service Replacement Reserve	Assigned	-	1,000,000
Cap. Asset & Equip. Replacement	Assigned	678,478	754,020
Unassigned	Unassigned	4,340,714	3,874,582
Total		\$ 11,138,570	\$ 9,820,594

Significant changes in designated reserve levels for FY 2022-23 were as follows:

- Non-spendable reserves increased slightly due to the amount of pesticide inventory on June 30, 2023, and increases to prepaid expenditures.
- A Real Property Acquisition Reserve was created prior to FY 21-22. A Real Estate Needs Assessment was completed in the spring of 2019. This assessment identified an urgent need for additional secured vehicle and equipment storage and office space. As indicated above, the District purchased real property for operational use. Part of the financing was to utilize \$3,715,330 of the reserve balance in addition to new financing undertaken by the District to consummate the transaction. The District Board of Trustees authorized an increase of \$2,950,000 to be added to this reserve to provide for structure improvements to the recently acquired District property. This was offset by adjustments to the Public Health Emergency and Natural Disaster Emergency Reserve.
- > Unassigned is the mathematical difference between all other categories and total fund balance.

Comparison of Actual Revenues and Expenditures Current and Prior Year - General Fund

As indicated on the chart below, actual revenues and expenditures comparisons between FYE 6-30-2024 and FY 6/30/23 were relatively stable with additional explanation as follows:

- Service Abatement Revenue decreased by \$ 17,291 or 9.1% due reduced contractual services by our customers.
- Special Benefit Assessment revenue increased by \$96,215 or 55% due to Board action of applying an authorized cost of living adjustment.
- Property Tax Revenue increased by \$164,219 or 4.8%, resulting from a statutory 2% rate increase on all classes of property, as well as increases to taxable property values, driven by increased local real estate market values.
- Other Tax Revenue increased by \$93,236 or 11.3% due to the receipt of excess Education Revenue Augmentation Funds and redevelopment "pass through" funds from the County of San Mateo as a result of the County's property tax allocation process.
- ▶ Other Revenue increased by \$21,336 or 113.7%. This increase is considered "immaterial".
- There was a sharp increase in investment earnings of \$402,165 due to applying the prior year's "mark to market" calculations as required by the Government Accounting Standards Board.
- There was a Salary and Wage Expense increase of \$254,211 or 8.5% due to collective bargaining agreements applicable to FY 23-24 and normal step increases afforded employees.
- Employee Benefits increased sharply by \$427,846 or 47.3% due to an increase of pension rates required by the San Mateo County Employees Association.
- Materials and Services increased \$ 31,242 or 2.5% due to inflationary and other cost increases. This amount is immaterial.

Comparison of Actual Rev	Comparison of Actual Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balance											
GENERAL FUND:	FY 23-24	FY 22-23		Variance	% Change							
Beginning Fund Balance:	\$ 9,066,574	\$ 8,001,58	37 \$	1,064,987	13.3%							
Revenues:												
Service Abatement Revenue	178,946	196,86	57	(17,921)	-9.1%							
Special Benefit Assessment	1,820,829	1,724,62	L4	96,215	5.6%							
Special Mosquito Control Tax	489,214	489,09	95	119	0.0%							
Property Taxes	3,573,660	3,409,44	11	164,219	4.8%							
Other Tax Revenues	921,949	828,72	L3	93,236	11.3%							
Investment Earnings	570,403	168,23	38	402,165	239.0%							
Other Revenue	40,153	18,78	37	21,366	113.7%							
Total Revenues	\$ 7,595,154	\$ 6,835,75	55 \$	759,399	11.1%							
Expenditures:												
Salaries & Wages	\$ 3,247,291	\$ 2,993,08	30 \$	254,211	8.5%							
Employee Benefits	1,331,487	903,64	11	427,846	47.3%							
Materials & Services	1,295,676	1,264,33	34	31,342	2.5%							
Capital Outlay	-	15,57	75	(15,575)	-100.0%							
Debt Service	318,094	318,09	94	-	0.0%							
Total Expenditures	6,192,548	5,494,72	24	713,399	12.7%							
Transfers & Other:	(9,088)	(276,04	14)	266,956	-96.7%							
Ending Fund Balance:	\$ 10,460,092	\$ 9,066,57	74	1,393,518	15.4%							

The table below shows a comparison of actual revenue, expenditures, and fund balances between FYE 2024 and FYE 2023:

Comparison of Actual Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balance										
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	FY 23-24		FY 22-23		Variance		% Change			
Beginning Fund Balance:	\$	754,020	\$	749,944	\$	4,076	0.5%			
Revenues:		50,620		18,534		32,086	NA			
Expenditures:		135,250		313,143		(177,893)	-56.8%			
Transfers & Other:		9,088		298,685		(289,597)	-97.0%			
Ending Fund Balance:	\$	678,478	\$	754,020	\$	(75,542)	-10.0%			

As noted, ending fund balance did not materially change between fiscal years ending on June 30. The principal differences resulting from the expenditure increase between the years resulted from acquiring the District's newly purchased facilities. This was funded by a combination of available reserves within the general fund and the acquisition of lease financing provided by CN Financing, as described in the debt table below.

Capital Asset Administration

Changes in Capital Assets at the end of fiscal year 2023-24 are as follows:

Capital Assets:	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Change	% Change
Non -Depreciable Assets	\$ 4,050,563	\$ 3,988,830 \$	61,733	1.5%
Depreciable Assets	10,245,061	10,357,885	(112,824)	-1.1%
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(4,013,243)	(3,797,161)	(216,082)	5.7%
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 10,282,381	\$ 10,549,554 \$	5 (267,173)	-2.5%

At the end of fiscal year 2023-24, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$10,282,381(net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, furniture, equipment, and vehicles.

See note 3 of the District's financial statements for further information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

The District's Long-Term Debt consists of vehicle leases and the financing of District real property completed this year. See further details in note 5 of the District's financial statements.

Debt Administration	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023		Change		% Change
Leases	\$	51,241	\$	77,663	\$	(26,422)	-34.0%
CN Financing		3,404,654		3,617,831		(213,177)	-5.9%
Total Long Term Debt:	\$	3,455,895	\$	3,695,494	\$	(239,599)	-6.5%

Conditions Affecting Current Financial Position

Management is unaware of any conditions that could significantly impact the District's current or long- term financial position or any other factors that would significantly impact the District's ability to fulfill its mission.

Requests for Information

The District's basic financial statements are designed to give users a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional information, please contact the District Manager at the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District, 1351 Rollins Road, Burlingame, California 94010, or (650) 344-8592.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 10,417,599
Restricted cash and investments	124,363
Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable	61,777 24,132
Accounts receivable-other	37,049
Materials and supplies inventory	170,595
Deposits with Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA)	500,948
Prepaid items	39,750
Total current assets	11,376,213
Noncurrent assets:	
Net OPEB asset	877,642
Capital assets - not being depreciated	4,050,563
Capital assets - being depreciated/amortized, net	6,231,818
Total capital assets	10,282,381
Total noncurrent assets	11,160,023
Total assets	22,536,236
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	133,770
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	1,362,902
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,496,672
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	105,143
Accrued salaries and benefits	132,500
Long-term liabilities - due in one year:	
Compensated absences	239,598
Long-term debt	245,208
Total current liabilities	722,449
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities - due in more than one year:	220 500
Compensated absences Long-term debt	239,599
Net pension liability	3,210,687 1,167,401
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,617,687
Total liabilities	5,340,136
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	153,832
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	101,026
Total deferred inflows of resources	254,858
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	6,826,486
Restricted for pension contributions	124,363
Restricted for OPEB	857,580
Unrestricted	10,629,485
Total net position	\$ 18,437,914

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenues	5	
			Operating		
			Grants		
		Charges for	and		Governmental
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Total	Activities
Functions/Programs					
Governmental Activities: Mosquito and vector control	\$ 6,141,642	\$ 178,946	\$ 2,310,043	\$ 2,488,989	\$ (3,652,653)
Total Governmental Activities	6,141,642	178,946	2,310,043	2,488,989	(3,652,653)
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,141,642	\$ 178,946	\$ 2,310,043	\$ 2,488,989	\$ (3,652,653)
		General Revenue Taxes			4,495,609
		Investment earn	C		621,023
		Other revenues			40,153
		Total Genera	al Revenues		5,156,785
		Change in No	et Position		1,504,132
		Net Position - Be	ginning of year		16,933,782
		Net Position - En	nd of year		\$ 18,437,914

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the District.

Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources that have been restricted, committed, or assigned for equipment acquisition.

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	G	eneral Fund	Capital jects Fund	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	9,745,822	\$ 671,777	\$ 10,417,599
Restricted cash and investments		124,363	-	124,363
Accrued interest receivable		55,076	6,701	61,777
Accounts receivable		24,132	-	24,132
Accounts receivable-other		37,049	-	37,049
Materials and supplies inventory		170,595	-	170,595
Deposits with Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA)		500,948	-	500,948
Prepaid items		39,750	-	 39,750
Total assets	\$	10,697,735	\$ 678,478	\$ 11,376,213
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	105,143	\$ -	\$ 105,143
Accrued salaries and benefits		132,500	-	 132,500
Total liabilities		237,643	 -	 237,643
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable		210,345	-	210,345
Restricted		124,363	-	124,363
Committed		400,000	-	400,000
Assigned		5,384,670	678,478	6,063,148
Unassigned		4,340,714	 -	 4,340,714
Total fund balances		10,460,092	 678,478	 11,138,570
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,697,735	\$ 678,478	\$ 11,376,213

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 11,138,570
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those deferred outflows of resources.	1,496,672
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those deferred inflows of resources.	(254,858)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those assets as capital assets.	10,282,381
Net OPEB asset used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those assets as OPEB assets.	877,642
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Long-term debt - due within one year Compensated absences - due within one year Long-term debt - due in more than one year Compensated absences - due in more than one year Net pension liability	 (245,208) (239,598) (3,210,687) (239,599) (1,167,401)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 18,437,914

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES:	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Service abatement revenue	\$ 178,946	\$ -	\$ 178,946
Special benefit assessment	1,820,829	φ -	1,820,829
Special mosquito control tax	489,214	-	489,214
Property taxes	3,573,660	-	3,573,660
Other tax revenues	921,949	-	921,949
Investment earnings	570,403	50,620	621,023
Other revenues	40,153	-	40,153
Total revenues	7,595,154	50,620	7,645,774
EXPENDITURES			
Mosquito and vector control			
Salaries and wages	3,247,291	-	3,247,291
Employee benefits	1,331,487	-	1,331,487
Materials and services	1,295,676	-	1,295,676
Capital outlay	-	105,200	105,200
Debt service:			
Principal	213,177	26,422	239,599
Interest and fiscal charges	104,917	3,628	108,545
Total expenditures	6,192,548	135,250	6,327,798
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,402,606	(84,630)	1,317,976
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer in	-	9,088	9,088
Transfer out	(9,088)	-	(9,088)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,088)	9,088	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,393,518	(75,542)	1,317,976
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of year	9,066,574	754,020	9,820,594
End of year	\$ 10,460,092	\$ 678,478	\$ 11,138,570

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 1,317,976
Governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were reported differently because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. In the statement of activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital outlay Loss on disposal of capital asset Depreciation/amortization	92,077 (18,759) (340,491)
Debt proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.	
Repayments of debt and lease principal	239,599
Current year employer pension contributions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, however these amounts are reported a deferred outflow of resources on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	692,365
Pension expense is recorded as incurred in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, however pension expense is not recognized in the governmental funds.	(346,402)
OPEB expense is recorded as incurred in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, however OPEB expense is not recognized in the governmental funds.	(50,350)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in compensated absences	 (81,883)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,504,132

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Organization and Operations of the Reporting Entity

The San Mateo Mosquito and Vector Control District (the "District") is a special district established in 1916 empowered to take all necessary and proper steps for the control of mosquitoes and other vectors within the District.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the District expanded their services to the cities of San Bruno, South San Francisco, Daly City, Colma, Brisbane, Pacifica and Half Moon Bay, which encompass the North and West County District (the "NWCD"). The revenue related to servicing the NWCD is accounted for as a special assessment charge placed on the property parcels within that service area.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the San Mateo County Board of Supervisors passed a resolution to transfer specific vector control operations and responsibilities to the San Mateo County Mosquito Abatement District. As a result, the District changed its name to the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District. The District is governed by a twenty-one-member Board of Trustees that are appointed by each of the incorporated cities and the unincorporated San Mateo County areas within the District's service area.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB:) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the activities of the primary government. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements and eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP the Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

Deferred Outflows of Resources represent outflows of resources (consumption of net assets) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

Deferred Inflows of Resources represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net assets) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as a revenue until that time.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "*economic resources*" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the "*current financial resources*" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year and other revenues when collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major funds:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – is a government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund when necessary.

<u>*Capital Project Fund*</u> – is used to account for financial resources that have been restricted, committed, or assigned for capital projects and equipment acquisition.

C. Investments

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as unrealized gains or losses and reported for that fiscal year. Investment income comprises interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

D. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories consist of expendable supplies and are valued at cost using a first-in first-out basis.

E. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs or deposits applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepayments are amortized and recognized as expenditures in the period consumed using the consumption method.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Included in capital assets are equipment used at the District. District policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Donated assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation. Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures of the General Fund and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the District's capitalization threshold is met. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Structures and improvements	7-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-15 years

The District established a \$5,000 threshold to recognize right-to-use assets, including lease assets or subscriptionbased information technology arrangement ("SBITA") assets ("subscription assets"), in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

Right-of-Use Lease Assets

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and adjusted by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service. Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the District has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

G. Compensated Absences

The District's policy is to permit full time employees to accumulate earned vacation time and sick leave. Earned vacation time shall be earned by each employee subject to the accrual limitations defined by District policies. Such unused compensation is calculated at the employees' then prevalent hourly rate at the time of retirement or termination. Whereas vacation time is compensated at 100% of accumulated hours. Sick leave is accrued and compensated only at retirement based on the years of employment up to a maximum of \$7,500.

H. Long-Term Debt

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities.

The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term debt and other financed obligations. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuances costs are reported as debt service expenditures. Principal payments and reductions in the obligation are reported as debt service expenditures. As such, long-term debt and other financed obligations are shown as reconciling items in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position.

I. Lease Liabilities

The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a lease term greater than one year in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance of the lessee or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses incremental borrowing rate provided by the financial institution or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease payable is composed of fixed payments to the lessor.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure any lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

J. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

San Mateo County Employees' Retirement Association (SamCERA)

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Period	July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period, which is 5 years for SamCERA.

K. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. U.S. GAAP requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Measurement Period	June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability/(asset) and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the sources of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

L. Property Taxes

The San Mateo County Assessor's Office assesses all real and personal property within the County each year. The San Mateo County Tax Collector's Office bills and collects the District's share of property taxes and assessments. The San Mateo County Auditor-Controller's Office remits current property tax collections to the District throughout the year. Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at no more than one percent (1%) of countywide assessed valuations.

Property taxes receivable at year-end are related to property taxes collected by San Mateo County, which have not been credited to the District's cash balance as of June 30. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien Date	March 1
Levy Date	July 1
Due Dates	November 1 and March 1
Collection Dates	December 10 and April 10

Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year of levy, because of the adoption of the alternate method of property tax distribution known as the Teeter Plan, by the District and San Mateo County. The Teeter Plan authorizes the County Auditor-Controller to allocate 100% of the secured property tax billed but not yet received or paid to the District. San Mateo County remits tax proceeds to the District in three installments during the fiscal year as follows: 50% remitted on December 15, 40% remitted on April 15 and 10% on June 30.

M. Special Assessment Revenue

Special assessments determined by the District are included on property tax bills of San Mateo County. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year of receipt, because of the adoption of the alternate method of property tax distribution known as the Teeter Plan, by the District and San Mateo County. San Mateo County remits the special assessments to the District on the same schedule as property taxes.

N. Net position

Net position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – this component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by any outstanding debt outstanding against the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

<u>**Restricted**</u> – this component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – this component of net position consists of net amount of assets that are not included in the determination of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

O. Fund Balance

The financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

<u>Nonspendable</u> – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>**Restricted**</u> – amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Trustees) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.

<u>Unassigned</u> – the residual classification for the District's general fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Board of Trustees establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of a resolution.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain an unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

O. Fund Balance (Continued)

The purpose of the District's fund balance policy is to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported changes in District net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. New Accounting Pronouncements

In 2024, the District adopted new accounting standards in order to conform to the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements.

- GASB Statement No. 99 In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The • objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements of this Statement related to extension of the use of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), accounting for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement No. 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statements No. 53 and No. 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements of this Statement related to leases, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPPs), and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements of this Statement related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. There were no significant impacts on the District's financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 100 In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. There were no significant impacts on the District's financial statements.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Description	Balance		
Cash on hand	\$	400	
Deposits held with San Mateo County Pooled Investment Fund (SMCPIF)		5,577,071	
California CLASS		4,840,128	
Restricted cash and investments		124,363	
Total cash and investments	\$	10,541,962	
Reporting Unit		Balance	
Primary Government	\$	10,541,962	
Total cash and investments	\$	10,541,962	

A. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy requires that collateral be held by an independent third party with whom the District has a current custodial agreement.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy requires that all security transactions are conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) method and that all securities are held by a qualified, third-party custodian, as evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The trust department of the District's bank may act as third-party custodian, provided that the custodian agreement is separate from the banking agreement. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as SMCPIF). As of June 30, 2024 none of the District's deposits or investments were exposed to disclosable custodial credit risk.

B. Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

				Maturity
			12	Months or
Description	Credit Rating	Fair Value		Less
San Mateo County Pooled Investment Fund (SM CPIF)	Aa1/P-1	\$ 5,577,071	\$	5,577,071
California CLASS	AAAm	4,840,128		4,840,128
Total cash and investments		\$ 5,577,071	\$	5,577,071

C. Authorized Deposits and Investments

The District has adopted an investment policy which allows deposits into financial institutions and the San Mateo County Treasury's Pooled Investment Fund.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. San Mateo County Treasury – Pooled Investment Fund

The San Mateo County Pooled Investment Fund (SMCPIF) is a pooled investment fund program governed by the San Mateo County Board of Supervisors and administered by the San Mateo County Treasurer. Investments in SMCPIF are highly liquid as deposits and withdrawals can be made at any time without penalty. SMCPIF does not impose a maximum investment limit. The San Mateo County bank deposits are either federally insured or collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code.

The San Mateo County Treasurer has indicated to the District that as of June 30, 2024, the value of the County's portfolio approximated \$8.498 billion and the portfolio holds no derivative products. The District's investment with the County Treasurer's Office as of June 30, 2024 was \$5,577,071. SMCPIF's fair value factor of 0.9913 as of June 30, 2024 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in the SMCPIF. SMCPIF does not fall under the fair value hierarchy (i.e. uncategorized) as there is no active market for the investments.

Participants' equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on an amortized cost basis. Interest payments, accrued interest, accreted discounts, amortized premiums, and realized capital gains and losses, net of administrative fees, are apportioned to pool participants every quarter. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements as unrealized gains or losses are not apportioned to pool participants. Income from pooled investments is allocated to individual funds or external participants based on each fund's or participant's average daily cash balance at quarter end in relation to the total pool investments. Pool detail may be obtained from the County of San Mateo Treasurer-Tax Collector Office – 555 County Center, 1st Floor - Redwood City, CA 94063 or the Treasurer and Tax Collector's office website at www.sanmateocountytreasurer.org.

E. California CLASS

California CLASS is a pooled investment option that was created via a joint exercise of powers agreement by and among California public agencies. California CLASS provides California public agencies with a convenience method for investing in high-liquid, short to medium term securities. Deposits and withdrawals to and from California CLASS are transferred on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, under the fair value hierarchy, California CLASS is valued based on inputs not categorized as level 1, level 2 or level 3.

As of June 30, 2024, The District had \$4,840,128 invested in the California CLASS.

F. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2024, the District's investment in the SMCPIF and California CLASS were rated by Moody as Aa1/P-1 and AAAm, respectively, as noted in the table above.

G. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with longer maturities have greater sensitivity to changes in market interest rates. The District's investment policy follows the Code as it relates to limits on investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for the maturities of its investments as related to interest rate risk as noted in the table above.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

H. Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one governmental agency or non-governmental issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There were no investments in any one governmental or non-governmental issuer that represented 5% or more of the District's total investments except for those in the SMCPIF and California CLASS.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets for the year were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Reclassification	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,854,525	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 3,854,525
Construction-in-progress	134,305	61,733	-	÷	196,038
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,988,830	61,733	-	-	4,050,563
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	8,352,828	-	-	-	8,352,828
Furniture and equipment	765,364	30,344	(81,504)	-	714,204
Vehicles	808,019	-	(61,664)	(64,146)	682,209
Software	270,486	-	-	-	270,486
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,196,697	30,344	(143,168)	(64,146)	10,019,727
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Structures and improvements	(2,133,588)	(229,669)	-	-	(2,363,257)
Furniture and equipment	(592,114)	(33,041)	80,490	-	(544,665)
Vehicles	(780,342)	(5,572)	28,740	82,110	(675,064)
Software	(233,819)	(36,667)	-	-	(270,486)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,739,863)	(304,949)	109,230	82,110	(3,853,472)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	6,456,834	(274,605)	(33,938)	17,964	6,166,255
Intangible capital assets, being amortized:					
Right-to-use lease assets - vehicles	161,188			64,146	225,334
Total intangible capital assets, net	161,188			64,146	225,334
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Right-to-use lease assets - vehicles	(57,298)	(35,542)		(66,931)	(159,771)
Total accumulated amortization	(57,298)	(35,542)	-	(66,931)	(159,771)
Total intangible capital assets, being amortized, net	103,890	(35,542)	-	(2,785)	65,563
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,549,554	\$ (248,414)	\$ (33,938)	\$ 15,179	\$ 10,282,381

The depreciation and amortization in the amounts of \$304,949 and \$35,542, respectively were charged to Mosquito and vector control activities.

Note 3 – Capital Assets (Continued)

Intangible Right-to-Use Assets:

In FY 2022, the District implemented the guidance in GASB No. 87, *Leases* and recognized the value of vehicles leased under long-term contracts, that had previously been reported as capital leases. The leased intangible assets and related amortization have been reported on the above capital assets schedule.

Assets are being amortized over 5 years, the term of the lease. Terms of the lease are described in Note 5A.

Note 4 – Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unpaid vacation leave, sick leave and compensating time off which is accrued as earned. The District's liability for compensated absences is determined annually.

The changes to the compensated absences balance at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

I	Balance	Α	dditions/	Γ	Deletions/]	Balance		Current	L	ong-term
Jun	June 30, 2023 Transfers		Transfers		June 30, 2024		Portion		Portion		
\$	397,314	\$	412,581	\$	(330,698)	\$	479,197	\$	239,598	\$	239,599

Note 5 – Long-Term Liabilities

The District's long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023	Ade	litions	Ι	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2024	Current Portion	I	Long-term Portion
Leases	\$	77,663	\$	-	\$	(26,422)	\$	51,241	\$ 25,849	\$	25,392
CN Financing		3,617,831		-		(213,177)		3,404,654	 219,359		3,185,295
Total long-term debt	\$	3,695,494	\$	-	\$	(239,599)	\$	3,455,895	\$ 245,208	\$	3,210,687

Description of the District's Long-Term Debt:

A. Leases

The District has recorded various lease agreements regarding the District's vehicle fleet. Principal and interest are payable monthly with varying annual interest rates of 3.18% - 7.23%, for a term of 60 months. The remaining principal and interest amounts will be payable as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	 Total
2025	\$	25,849	\$	2,351	\$ 458,801
2026		16,010		1,229	451,275
2027		8,043		453	443,560
2028		1,339		17	 435,646
Total	\$	51,241	\$	4,050	\$ 4,758,051
Current	\$	25,849			
Long-term	\$	25,392			

Note 5 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Description of the District's Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

B. CN Financing

On July 1, 2021, the District, through the Municipal Finance Corporation, secured a financing agreement from CN Financing in the amount of \$3,825,000 at an interest rate of 2.9%. The proceeds of the loan were used to finance the acquisition of property located at 1415 N. Carolan Avenue in the City of Burlingame, California. Principal and interest payments of \$318,094 are due July 29, 2022, through July 29, 2036.

The remaining principal and interest amounts will be payable as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest]	Payments
2025	\$ 219,359	\$ 98,735	\$	318,094
2026	225,721	92,373		318,094
2027	232,266	85,828		318,094
2028	239,002	79,092		318,094
2029	245,933	72,161		318,094
2030-2034	1,340,875	249,595		1,590,470
2035-2037	 901,498	 52,784		954,282
Total	\$ 3,404,654	\$ 730,568	\$	4,135,222
Current	\$ 219,359			
Long-term	\$ 3,185,295			

Note 6 – Other Post-Employment Benefits

A. Plan Description

The District has established an Other Postemployment Benefit plan (OPEB Plan) and participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit retiree healthcare plan. The District reimburses a portion of the cost of health care for eligible retirees Depending on the number of years of service and the circumstances surrounding retirement, employees may be eligible to receive health care insurance cost reimbursement between 25% to 100% and prescription drug coverage reimbursement of \$500 to \$1,000 per year. District employees retiring prior to 2016 were not permitted to retain their coverage in the District's healthcare plans beyond the COBRA period. However, employees retiring in 2016 or later may continue their District medical coverage through FDAC until reaching age 65 or becoming eligible for coverage under Medicare. A surviving spouse is entitled to receive the same contribution the retiree would have received for four years following the retiree's death.

B. Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the OPEB Plan:

Active employees	21
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	6
Total	27

Note 6 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

C. Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District's governing board. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District's estimated implied subsidy was \$0.

D. Net OPEB Asset

The District's net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rates	4.70%
General Inflation	2.5% per annum
Salary Increases	3.0% per year
Investment Rate of Return	4.70%
Retirement Age	50-70
Mortality Improvement	MacLeod Watts Scale 2022 applied
	generationally from 2010
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.8% in 2024 decreasing to 3.9% by 2076

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Investment Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	30.00%	
Large Cap Core	15.50%	6.80%
Mid Cap Core	3.00%	7.10%
Small Cap Core	4.50%	7.90%
Real Estate	1.00%	6.60%
International	4.00%	7.30%
Emerging Markets	2.00%	7.30%
Fixed Income	65.00%	
Short Term Bond	14.00%	3.30%
Intermediate Term Bond	49.25%	3.90%
High Yield	1.75%	6.10%
Cash	5.00%	2.40%
Total	100%	

Expected Return	5.30%
Expected Standard Deviation	5.28%

Note 6 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

D. Net OPEB Asset (Continued)

At the time the valuation was prepared, the District was invested in the Moderately Conservative Portfolio, which had an expected return of 5.3%. Based on the District's OPEB trust balance, the District assumed 60 basis points in non-imbedded fees for a net expected return of 4.7%. The District approved 4.7% for valuation purposes.

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

F. Changes in the Net OPEB Asset

The changes in the net OPEB Asset for the OPEB Plan are as follows:

			Incre	ase (Decrease)		
		otal OPEB Liability (a)	Plan	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,382,500	\$	2,211,605	\$	(829,105)
Changes recognized for the measurement period:						
Service cost		73,283		-		73,283
Interest cost		67,534		-		67,534
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		76,660		(76,660)
Assumption changes		-		-		-
Contribution - employer		-		1,039		(1,039)
Net investment income		-		103,279		(103,279)
Correction to accrued FY 22/23 benefit reimbursement		-		8,376		(8,376)
Benefit payments		(37,795)		(37,795)		-
Net Changes during July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024		103,022		151,559		(48,537)
Balance at June 30, 2024 (Measurement Date)	\$	1,485,522	\$	2,363,164	\$	(877,642)

G. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Discount Rate		Current Discount		Discount Rate	
	- 1% (3.70%)		Rate (4.70%)		+ 1% (5.70%)	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(607,372)	\$	(877,642)	\$	(1,094,583)

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

	Healthcare Trend		Current Healthcare		Healthcare Trend	
	Rate -1 Percent		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,133,628)	\$	(877,642)	\$	(540,601)

I. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

PARS issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained from the Public Agency Retirement Services, 4350 Von Karman Ave, Newport Beach, CA 92660.

Note 6 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

J. Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan	•
investments	
All other amounts	Straight-line recognition over 11.11 years, the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits, determined as of the beginning of the Measurement Period. In determining the EARSL, all active, retired and inactive members are counted, with the latter two groups having 0 remaining service years.

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$51,389. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in assumptions	\$ 54,021	\$	(33,633)	
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		(120,199)	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments	 79,749		-	
Total	\$ 133,770	\$	(153,832)	

The reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources balances related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	2010	rred Outflows /(Inflows) ' Resources
2025	\$	17,824
2026		56,360
2027		(29,506)
2028		(32,133)
2029		(15,376)
Thereafter		(17,231)
	\$	(20,062)

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and the Net Pension Liability

A. Plan Description

San Mateo County Employees' Retirement Association ("SamCERA") is a cost-sharing multiple- employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides benefits for substantially all permanent employees of the County and the District. SamCERA was founded in 1944 under the authority granted by Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of California and the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (the 1937 Act). SamCERA is not subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Management of SamCERA is vested in the Board of Retirement consisting of nine members; and its operation is governed by the 1937 Act and the by-laws, procedures, and policies adopted by the Board of Retirement. SamCERA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing to the San Mateo County Employees' Retirement Association, 100 Marine Parkway, Suite 125, Redwood Shores, California 94065.

B. Benefits Provided

SamCERA provides service retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries based on defined benefit formulas using final average compensation, years of service, and age factors to calculate benefits payable. SamCERA has four plans that cover members classified as general, safety, or probation, and provides annual cost-of-living adjustments upon retirement to members of Plans One, Two, and Four. The benefits of Plan Three are reduced by a portion of Social Security benefits received by the member. The 1937 Act vests the County Board with the authority to initiate benefits, while Government Code Section 31592.2 empowers the Board of Retirement to provide certain ad hoc benefits when the Section 31592 reserve exceeds 1% of assets.

General members in Plans One, Two, and Four may retire at any age after 30 years of service. Safety members and Probation members may retire at any age after 20 years of service. A member who leaves County service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Members with five years of service, permanent part-time employees with five years of full-time service, or non- contributory members (Plan Three) with 10 years of service, may elect a deferred retirement when terminating their employment with the County or District.

C. Contributions and Funding

The 1937 Act established the basic obligations for employers and members to make contributions to the pension trust fund. The employer and member contribution rates are based on recommendations made by an independent actuary and adopted by the Board of Retireme7nt. The participating employers are required by statutes to contribute the amounts necessary to fund the estimated benefits accruing to SamCERA members not otherwise funded by member contributions or expected investment earnings. Contribution rates are actuarially determined using the entry age normal method and consist of an amount for normal cost, the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by members during the year, and an amount required to amortize the unfunded net pension liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District's contribution was \$692,365. The District's employer contribution rate was 12.10% of the covered payroll and the member contribution rate was 9.45%.

The District's contributions to the Plan for the measurement period ended June 30, 2023 was \$317,002.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2023, the measurement date, total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total I	Pension Liability
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	
Level percent or level dollar	Level percent
Closed, open, or layered periods	Layered
Amortization Period for Each Layer	15-years
Asset Valuation Method:	
Recognition method	Fair Market Value
Local CPI Inflation	2.75%
National CPI-U Inflation	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return	6.42% (with included administrative expense load of $0.17%$)

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.42 percent, which is gross of administrative and other investment expenses. A long-term investment return excluding administrative and other investment expenses would have been 6.50 percent. Management has determined that using the higher discount rate has resulted in a slightly lower total pension liability and net pension liability and the difference was deemed immaterial to the financial statements. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long- term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were considered. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building- block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. Real returns by asset class as shown in the following table reflect the average arithmetic real return assumptions of the Plan's investment consultants as of June 30, 2023.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

E. Discount Rate (Continued)

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Investment Type	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Growth		
Public Equity	40.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.70%
Opportunistic Credit	10.00%	3.90%
Diversifying		
Core Fixed Income	12.50%	1.80%
Absolute Return	7.00%	2.30%
Infation Hedge		
Real Estate	9.00%	3.30%
Private Real Assets	4.00%	4.50%
Public Real Assets	5.00%	4.50%
Liquidity		
Cash Flow Match	4.50%	1.40%
Cash and Cash Overlay	1.00%	0.80%
Total	100%	

F. District Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Plan Total Pension Liability		Fiduciary Net Position	 Plan Net Pension Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	7,721,738	\$ 6,830,240	\$ 891,498	
Balance at June 30, 2023 (Measurement Date)		9,160,113	 7,992,712	1,167,401	
Change	\$	1,438,375	\$ 1,162,472	\$ 275,903	

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability changed between fiscal years as follows:

	District	
	Percentage	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	0.1209%	
Balance at June 30, 2023 (Measurement Date)	0.1331%	
Change in Plan Net Pension Liability Percentage	0.0122%	

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.42%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.42%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.42%) than the current rate:

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Plan's Net Pension Liability										
Description	Dis	scount Rate -1% 5.42%	Cu	rrent Discount Rate 6.42%	Discount Rate +1% 7.42%						
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position Net pension liability	\$	7,870,587,794 6,005,042,500 1,865,545,294	\$	6,881,892,780 6,005,042,500 876,850,280	\$	6,077,432,724 6,005,042,500 72,390,224					
Net pension liability - District share 0.1331%	\$	2,483,041	\$	1,167,401	\$	96,351					

H. Pension Expense

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2023, the District incurred pension expense of \$347,384 as follows:

				District's
	F	lan's Pension	Pen	sion Expense
		Expense	(e	<i>i</i>) 0.1331%
Pension expense:				
Service cost	\$	127,087,071	\$	169,153
Interest on the total pension liability		408,627,062		543,883
Administrative expenses and othernon-investment expenses		9,652,501		12,847
Member contributions		(77,666,128)		(103,374)
Expected investment return, net of expense		(363,155,372)		(483,360)
Recognition of Deferred Outflows/inflows:				
Recognition of economic/demographic gains (losses)		76,057,895		101,233
Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs		123,327,271		164,149
Recognition of net investment gains(losses)		53,669,510		71,434
Amortization of employer specific				
deferred outflows/inflows		N/A		(128,581)
Total pension expense	\$	357,599,810	\$	347,384

I. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the District has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	rred outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Employer contributions to pension plan made after the measurement date	\$ 692,365	\$	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions	15,284		(101,026)	
Changes of assumptions	224,692		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings	264,114		-	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	 166,447		-	
Total Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	\$ 1,362,902	\$	(101,026)	

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

I. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The District will recognize \$692,365 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Amortization Period Ending June 30	 erred Outflows /(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 167,358
2026	97,971
2027	298,348
2028	5,834
	\$ 569,511
	\$ 569,511

Note 8 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Description	 Balance
Capital assets - not being depreciated	\$ 4,050,563
Capital assets - being depreciated and amortized, net	6,231,818
Long-term debt - current portion	(245,208)
Long-term debt - noncurrent portion	 (3,210,687)
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,826,486

Note 9 – Fund Balance

A detailed schedule of fund balances and their funding composition at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	 General Fund	Сар	ital Project Fund	 Total
Nonspendable:				
Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 170,595	\$	-	\$ 170,595
Prepaid items	 39,750		-	 39,750
Subtotal	 210,345		-	210,345
Restricted:				
Restricted for pension contributions	 124,363		-	 124,363
Subtotal	 124,363		-	 124,363
Committed:				
Public health emergency	 200,000		-	 200,000
Subtotal	 200,000		-	 200,000
Assigned:				
Natural disaster emergency	200,000		-	200,000
Real Property Reserve	5,384,670		-	5,384,670
Reserve for specified capital outlay - equipment replacement	 -		678,478	 678,478
Subtotal	 5,584,670		678,478	 6,263,148
Unassigned	 4,340,714		-	 4,340,714
Total	\$ 10,460,092	\$	678,478	\$ 11,138,570

Note 10 – Deferred Compensation Savings Plan

For the benefit of its employees, the District participates in a 457 Deferred Compensation Program. The purpose of this Program is to provide deferred compensation for public employees that elect to participate in the Program. Generally, eligible employees may defer receipt of a portion of their salary until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Until the funds are paid or otherwise made available to the employee, the employee is not obligated to report the deferred salary for income tax purposes.

Federal law requires deferred compensation assets to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants. Accordingly, the District is in compliance with this legislation. Therefore, these assets are not the legal property of the District and are not subject to claims of the District's general creditors.

In the year 2021, The District evaluated the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* and GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans* and determined that plan didn't meet the criteria to be reported as a fiduciary activity, as required by the above mentioned GASB Statements. Moreover, the plan is classified as other employee benefits for financial reporting purposes.

As of June 30, 2024, the amount held by the Trustee for the District employees is \$2,168,394.

Note 11 – Risk Management

Self-Insurance and Joint Powers Agency

The District participates with other districts in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement, which established the Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA). The relationship between the District and the VCJPA is such that the VCJPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The VCJPA is a consortium of thirty-four districts located throughout California. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The VCJPA is governed by a Board of Directors, which meets 4-5 times per year, consisting of one member from each of the four regions (Coastal, Sacramento Valley, San Joaquin Valley, and Southern California) and two members from the Trustee Advisory Council.

The District is covered for the first \$1,000,000 of each general liability claim and \$500,000 of each workers' compensation claim through the VCJPA. The District has the right to receive dividends or the obligation to pay assessments based on a formula, which, among other expenses, charges the District's account for liability losses and workers' compensation losses under their individual self-insured retention (SIR). The VCJPA participates in an excess pool, which provides general liability coverage above \$1,000,000 for each occurrence up to \$29,500,000.

The VCJPA also participates in an excess pool, which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$5,000,000 to \$50,000,000.

The District's share of the VCJPA's Members Trust Fund and Property Contingency Fund balance as of June 30, 2024, totaled \$500,948. The balance includes interest earnings and may be withdrawn upon leaving the plan with a sixty-day notice. At the termination of the joint powers agreement and after all claims have been settled, any excess or deficit will be divided among the districts in accordance with its governing documents.

Note 12 – Contingency

Litigation

In the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to other claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the District believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, other than the matter discussed above, will not materially affect its financial condition.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgetec	l Amou		Actual	Fir I	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original			Final	 Amounts	1)	Negative)
REVENUES:							
Service abatement revenue	\$	205,358	\$	205,358	\$ 178,946	\$	(26,412)
Special benefit assessment		1,813,036		1,815,036	1,820,829		5,793
Special mosquito control tax		486,144		486,324	489,214		2,890
Property taxes		3,591,855		3,592,034	3,573,660		(18,374)
Other tax revenues		799,499		799,499	921,949		122,450
Investment earnings		68,000		71,517	570,403		498,886
Other revenues		16,331		30,331	 40,153		9,822
Total revenues		6,980,223		7,000,099	 7,595,154		595,055
EXPENDITURES:							
Mosquito and vector control							
Salaries and wages		3,277,706		3,277,706	3,247,291		30,415
Employee benefits		1,346,079		1,333,273	1,331,487		1,786
Materials and services		1,490,706		1,490,706	1,295,676		195,030
Debt service:							
Principal		213,177		213,177	213,177		-
Interest		104,917		104,917	104,917		-
Total expenditures		6,432,585		6,419,779	6,192,548		227,231
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		547,638		580,320	 1,402,606		822,286
OTHER FINANCING (USES):							
Transfers out		-		-	(9,088)		(9,088)
Total other financing (uses)		-		-	 (9,088)		(9,088)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	547,638	\$	580,320	1,393,518	\$	813,198
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					9,066,574		
End of year					\$ 10,460,092		

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Last Ten Fiscal Years												
Measurement period		2013-14		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.3100%		0.3100%		0.3200%		0.3500%		0.2600%		
Proportion share of the net pension liability	\$	1,234,942	\$	1,525,087	\$	2,280,813	\$	2,020,874	\$	1,269,703		
Covered payroll	\$	1,266,066	\$	1,409,518	\$	1,736,147	\$	1,899,298	\$	1,939,368		
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		97.54%		108.20%		131.37%		106.40%		65.47%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.88%		87.53%		83.25%		87.49%		89.96%		

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

In 2018, there were changes in assumptions primarily from adjusting the assumed investment return, price inflation, and general wage increase downward, modifying the mortality assumption, and adding a projection scale to reflect gradual year-to-year increase in mortality that is expected to occur in the future.

In 2020, there were changes in assumptions resulted mainly from downward adjustments to the assumed investment rate, price inflation, and general wage increases.

In 2021, changes resulted mainly from changes in demographic assumptions based on results from the latest Triennial.

In 2022, assumed investment return was lowered to 6.25% from 6.5% the previous year.

In 2023, there were no changes of assumptions.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Last Ten Fiscal Years												
Measurement period	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22			2022-23		
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.2400%		0.1372%		0.1206%		0.1209%		0.1331%		
Proportion share of the net pension liability	\$	1,478,655	\$	1,206,995	\$	129,840	\$	891,498	\$	1,167,401		
Covered payroll	\$	1,900,138	\$	2,255,787	\$	2,249,212	\$	2,275,742	\$	2,633,599		
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		77.82%		53.51%		5.77%		39.17%		44.33%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.46%		84.46%		98.23%		88.46%		87.26%		

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Last Ten	Fisc	al Years						
Fiscal Year		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19
Contractually required contribution (actuarially	\$	522,893	\$	541,053	\$	572,799	\$	467,435	\$	466,391
Contribution in relation to the actuarially										
determined contributions		(522,893)		(2,051,482)		(822,799)		(467,435)		(466,391)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	(1,510,429)	\$	(250,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	1,409,518	\$	1,736,147	\$	1,899,298	\$	1,939,368	\$	1,900,138
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		37.10%		118.16%		43.32%		24.10%		24.55%
Valuation date:		6/30/2013		6/30/2014		6/30/2015		6/30/2016		6/30/2018
Notes to Schedule:										
Methods and assumptions used to determine contrib	oution r	ates:								
Valuation Date	Jun	e 30, 2023								
Actuarial cost method	Ent	ry Age Norma	1							
Amortization method	Lev	el Percent of I	Payro	oll						
Amortization period	proj beg Act thei	jected salaries inning July 1, uarial gains a	s of , 202 nd lo	ial Accrued Lia present and f 24. This is com- osses for period rear periods fro	future nmor ds afi	e members of nly referred to ter the June 3(Sar as a), 20	nCERA over 1 "closed amore 23 valuation a	a 15 rtizat ire ar	-year period ion method." nortized over

periods.

2.75%

6.42%

The actuarial value of assets recognizes asset gains and losses over 10 consecutive six-month periods. Gains and losses from a given period offset prior period losses and gains before determining if a gain or loss for the given period remains to be recognized over 10 six-month

Various from 0.5% to 6.5% based on the years of service

Asset Valuation Method

Investment Rate of Return

Inflation

Payroll Growth

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Plan Contributions - Pension (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Last Ten Fiscal Years											
Fiscal Year		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23		2023-24	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially	\$	282,989	\$	281,349	\$	283,877	\$	317,002	\$	695,362	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(282,989)		(281,349)		(283,877)		(317,002)		(695,362)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll	\$	2,255,787	\$	2,249,212	\$	2,275,742	\$	2,633,599	\$	2,851,869	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.55%		12.51%		12.47%		12.04%		24.38%	
Valuation date:		6/30/2019		6/30/2020		6/30/2021		6/30/2022		6/30/2023	

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Last Ten Fiscal Years*											
Measurement period		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Total OPEB liability											
Service Cost	\$	69,518	\$	71,778	\$	69,266	\$	69,445	\$	68,783	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		59,296		65,233		55,890		59,368		63,977	
experience		-		(180,473)		-		(27,924)		-	
Changes of assumptions		-		39,426		(21,357)		58,731		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										(10.05.1)	
contributions		(28,143)		(23,844)		(36,560)		(32,282)		(49,054)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		100,671		(27,880)		67,239		127,338		83,706	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		994,032		1,094,703		1,066,823		1,134,062		1,261,400	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	1,094,703	\$	1,066,823	\$	1,134,062	\$	1,261,400	\$	1,345,106	
OPEB fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$	2,789	\$	5,821	\$	7,855	\$	-	\$	-	
Net investment income		127,876		136,431		86,222		303,935		(307,401)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee											
contributions		(27,339)		(23,844)		(36,560)		(32,282)		(49,054)	
Administrative expense		(11,471)		-		-		-		-	
Other		-		-				-		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		91,855		118,408		57,517		271,653		(356,455)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,968,917		2,060,772		2,179,180		2,236,697		2,512,995	
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-		4,645		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,060,772	\$	2,179,180	\$	2,236,697	\$	2,512,995	\$	2,156,540	
Plan net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(966,069)	\$	(1,112,357)	\$	(1,102,635)	\$	(1,251,595)	\$	(811,434)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		188.25%		204.27%		197.23%		199.22%		160.32%	
Covered payroll	\$	1,854,957	\$	1,896,546	\$	2,255,787	\$	2,249,212	\$	2,275,742	
	φ	1,004,757	φ	1,070,040	φ	2,233,181	φ	2,247,212	φ	2,213,142	
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-52.08%		-58.65%		-48.88%		-55.65%		-35.66%	

Notes to Schedule:

*Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Measurement period	2023		2024
Total OPEB liability			
Service Cost	\$ 70,846	\$	73,283
Interest on the total OPEB liability	68,205		67,534
experience	(26,700)	-
Changes of assumptions	(26,929)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(48,028)	(37,795)
Net change in total OPEB liability	37,394		103,022
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,345,106		1,382,500
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,382,500	\$	1,485,522
OPEB fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 789	\$	1,039
Net investment income	91,647		179,939
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(48,028)	(37,795)
Administrative expense	-		-
Other	10,657		8,376
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	55,065		151,559
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,156,540		2,211,605
Prior period adjustment			-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,211,605	\$	2,363,164
Plan net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (829,105) \$	(877,642)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage			
of the total OPEB liability (asset)	159.97%	5	159.08%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,582,745	\$	2,855,947
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of			
covered payroll	-32.10%	<u>.</u>	-30.73%

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Notes to Schedule:

*Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of OPEB Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Last Ten	Fisca	al Years*			
		_	2018	_	2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
Actuarially determined contribution	n (ADC)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the AD	С		(2,789)		(5,821)	 (7,855)	-	 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$	(2,789)	\$	(5,821)	\$ (7,855)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll		\$	1,854,957	\$	1,896,546	\$ 2,255,787	\$ 2,249,212	\$ 2,275,742
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			0.15%		0.31%	0.35%	0.00%	0.00%
Notes to Schedule:								
Methods and assumptions used to c	letermine contribu	ition	rates:					
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022							
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Norn	nal						
Amortization method/period	Level Dollar, 15	5 yeai	r open period					
Asset valuation method	Market value							
Inflation	2.50%							
Payroll Growth	3.00% annual in	ncreas	ses					
Investment Rate of Return	4.70%							
Healthcare cost-trend rates	6.8% in 2024 de	ecreas	sing to 3.9% in	n 207	5			
Retirement Age	50 to 70							
Mortality	Based on SamC	ERA	2020 Experie	nce S	study			
Mortality Improvement	MW Scale 2022	gene	erationally					

*Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of OPEB Contributions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2023	 2024
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the ADC	 (789)	 (1,039)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (789)	\$ (1,039)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,582,745	\$ 2,855,947
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.03%	0.04%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES: Investment earnings \$ 14,000 \$ 14,000 \$ 50,620 \$ 36,620 Total Revenues 14,000 14,000 \$ 50,620 \$ 36,620 EXPENDITURES: 14,000 14,000 \$ 50,620 \$ 36,620 Debt service: 14,000 14,000 \$ 50,620 \$ 36,620 Principal 1,957,554 2,529,698 105,200 2,424,498 Debt service: 2 3,628 - - 3,628 - - Principal 50,000 66,300 26,422 39,878 -<		Budgetec Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues 14,000 14,000 50,620 36,620 EXPENDITURES: 1,957,554 2,529,698 105,200 2,424,498 Debt service: 1,957,554 2,529,698 105,200 2,424,498 Principal 50,000 66,300 26,422 39,878 Interest and fiscal charges - 3,628 3,628 - Total Expenditures 2,007,554 2,599,626 135,250 2,464,376 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 \$ 2,510,084 -					
EXPENDITURES: 1,957,554 2,529,698 105,200 2,424,498 Debt service: Principal 50,000 66,300 26,422 39,878 Interest and fiscal charges	Investment earnings	\$ 14,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 50,620	\$ 36,620
Capital outlay 1,957,554 2,529,698 105,200 2,424,498 Debt service: 9rincipal 50,000 66,300 26,422 39,878 Interest and fiscal charges - 3,628 - - Total Expenditures 2,007,554 2,599,626 135,250 2,464,376 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:	Total Revenues	14,000	14,000	50,620	36,620
Debt service: Principal 50,000 66,300 26,422 39,878 Interest and fiscal charges - 3,628 3,628 - Total Expenditures 2,007,554 2,599,626 135,250 2,464,376 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:	EXPENDITURES:				
Principal 50,000 66,300 26,422 39,878 Interest and fiscal charges - 3,628 - - Total Expenditures 2,007,554 2,599,626 135,250 2,464,376 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 \$ 2,510,084	Capital outlay	1,957,554	2,529,698	105,200	2,424,498
Interest and fiscal charges - 3,628 - - Total Expenditures 2,007,554 2,599,626 135,250 2,464,376 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084	Debt service:				
Total Expenditures 2,007,554 2,599,626 135,250 2,464,376 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020	Principal	50,000	66,300	26,422	39,878
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 754,020 754,020	Interest and fiscal charges	-	3,628	3,628	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (1,993,554) (2,585,626) (84,630) 2,500,996 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 754,020 754,020	Total Expenditures	2,007,554	2,599,626	135,250	2,464,376
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 754,020	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
Transfers in - - 9,088 9,088 Total other financing sources - 9,088 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 754,020	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,993,554)	(2,585,626)	(84,630)	2,500,996
Total other financing sources - - 9,088 9,088 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 754,020	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (1,993,554) \$ (2,585,626) (75,542) \$ 2,510,084 FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year 754,020 754,020	Transfers in			9,088	9,088
FUND BALANCE: 754,020	Total other financing sources			9,088	9,088
Beginning of year 754,020	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,993,554)	\$ (2,585,626)	(75,542)	\$ 2,510,084
	FUND BALANCE:				
End of year \$ 678,478	Beginning of year			754,020	
	End of year			\$ 678,478	

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Statistical Section Overview (Unaudited)

This part of the District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

This segment contains trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

This segment includes information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property tax.

Debt Capacity

This segment presents information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

This segment depicts demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

This segment displays service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Net Position by Component Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020					
Governmental Actities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 6,826,486	\$ 6,854,060	\$ 6,634,958	\$ 2,966,949	\$ 2,519,614					
Restricted For Pension Contributions/OPEB	981,943	114,879	110,183	125,133	110,425					
Unrestricted	10,629,495	9,909,523	8,786,771	11,123,237	10,675,431					
Total Governmental Actiities Net Position	\$ 18,437,924	\$ 16,878,462	\$ 15,531,912	\$ 14,215,319	\$ 13,305,470					
Primary Government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 6,826,486	\$6,854,060	\$6,634,958	\$2,966,949	\$2,519,614					
Restricted For Pension Contributions	981,943	114,879	110,183	125,133	110,425					
Unrestricted	10,629,495	9,909,523	8,786,771	11,123,237	10,675,431					
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 18,437,924	\$ 16,878,462	\$ 15,531,912	\$ 14,215,319	\$ 13,305,470					

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Net Position by Component (Continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015					
Governmental Actities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 3,774,486	\$ 3,837,426	\$ 4,042,531	\$ 4,163,813	\$ 4,380,420					
Restricted For Pension Contributions/OPEB	-	-	-	-	-					
Unrestricted	7,940,144	6,856,683	6,337,747	5,990,999	5,260,756					
Total Governmental Actiities Net Position	\$ 11,714,630	\$ 10,694,109	\$ 10,380,278	\$ 10,154,812	\$ 9,641,176					
Primary Government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$3,774,486	\$3,837,426	\$4,042,531	\$4,163,813	\$4,380,420					
Restricted For Pension Contributions	-	-	-	-	-					
Unrestricted	7,940,144	6,856,683	6,337,747	5,990,999	5,260,756					
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 11,714,630	\$ 10,694,109	\$ 10,380,278	\$ 10,154,812	\$ 9,641,176					

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Changes in Net Position Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020					
Net Position, Beginning of Year	\$ 16,933,782	\$ 15,531,912	\$ 14,215,319	\$ 13,305,470	\$ 11,714,830					
Position Restatement	-	-	-	-	-					
Restated Net Position	16,933,782	15,531,912	14,215,319	13,305,470	11,714,830					
Charges for Services	178,946	196,867	276,456	242,504	241,271					
Service Abatement & Benefit Assmt.	2,310,043	2,213,709	2,210,858	2,142,695	2,113,152					
General Revenue										
Taxes	4,495,609	4,238,155	3,958,021	3,651,017	3,477,414					
Investment Earnings	621,023	186,772	(272,008)	(22,605)	363,015					
Other Revenues	40,153	18,787	59,092	41,630	63,315					
Gain On Disposal of Assets	-	-	-		792,569					
Total General Revenue	5,156,785	4,443,714	3,745,105	3,670,042	4,696,313					
Total Revenue	7,645,774	6,854,290	6,232,419	6,055,241	7,050,736					
Total Expenses	6,141,642	5,452,420	4,915,826	5,145,392	5,460,096					
Change in Net Position	1,504,132	1,401,870	1,316,593	909,849	1,590,640					
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 18,437,914	\$ 16,933,782	\$ 15,531,912	\$ 14,215,319	\$ 13,305,470					

Prior Period Adjustment (FY 14-15) GASB 68 & 71 requirement to record a liability related to net pension liability.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015						
Net Position, Beginning of Year Position Restatement Restated Net Position	\$ 10,694,109 - 10,694,109	\$ 10,380,278 (242) 10,380,036	\$ 10,154,812 	\$ 9,641,176 - 9,641,176	\$ 10,486,196 (1,638,095) 8,848,101						
Restated Net Position	10,094,109	10,380,030	10,134,012	9,041,170	0,040,101						
Charges for Services	233,273	273,725	267,332	216,996	237,847						
Service Abatement & Benefit Assmt.	2,128,402	2,092,299	1,986,021	1,890,221	1,888,317						
General Revenue											
Taxes	3,263,495	2,951,298	2,688,885	2,503,908	2,309,119						
Investment Earnings	150,110	65,816	75,861	67,152	47,466						
Other Revenues	48,562	87,331	15,105	57,100	282,243						
Gain On Disposal of Assets	-	-	-	-	-						
Total General Revenue	3,462,167	3,104,445	2,779,851	2,628,160	2,638,828						
Total Revenue	5,823,842	5,470,469	5,033,204	4,735,377	4,764,992						
Total Expenses	4,803,121	5,156,396	4,807,738	4,221,741	3,971,917						
Change in Net Position	1,020,721	314,073	225,466	513,636	793,075						
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 11,714,830	\$ 10,694,109	\$ 10,380,278	\$ 10,154,812	\$ 9,641,176						

Prior Period Adjustment (FY 14-15) GASB 68 & 71 requirement to record a liability related to net pension liability.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
	 2024	2023		2022		2021			2020
General Fund									
Nonspendable	\$ 210,345	\$	192,443	\$	202,674	\$	179,502	\$	169,061
Restricted	124,363		114,879		110,183		125,133		110,425
Committed	400,000		800,000		800,000		800,000		800,000
Assigned	5,384,670		4,084,670		2,784,670		5,500,000		4,750,000
Unassigned	4,340,714		3,874,582		4,104,060		3,655,744		3,864,573
Total Fund Balance	\$ 10,460,092	\$	9,066,574	\$	8,001,587	\$	10,260,379	\$	9,694,059
Other Governmental Fund									
Assigned	\$ 678,478	\$	754,020	\$	749,944	\$	1,022,269	\$	913,273
Total Fund Balance	\$ 678,478	\$	754,020	\$	749,944	\$	1,022,269	\$	913,273
Total Governmental Fund									
Nonspendable	\$ 210,345	\$	192,443	\$	202,674	\$	179,502	\$	169,061
Restricted	124,363		114,879		110,183		125,133		110,425
Committed	400,000		800,000		800,000		800,000		800,000
Assigned	6,063,148		4,838,690		3,534,614		6,522,269		5,663,273
Unassigned	4,340,714		3,874,582		4,104,060		3,655,744		3,864,573
Total Fund Balance	\$ 11,138,570	\$	9,820,594	\$	8,751,531	\$	11,282,648	\$	10,607,332

* Capital Fund did not exist prior to FY 2018-19

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

			F	Fiscal Year		
	 2019	2018		2017	2016	2015
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$ 179,073	\$ 106,290	\$	554,323	\$ 101,399	\$ 83,194
Restricted	105,707	-		-	-	-
Committed	800,000	800,000		241,061	218,744	208,780
Assigned	2,745,567	1,650,000		2,610,000	3,032,028	494,399
Unassigned	3,325,759	3,308,140		1,535,947	1,287,876	6,715,903
Total Fund Balance	\$ 7,156,106	\$ 5,864,430	\$	4,941,331	\$ 4,640,047	\$ 7,502,276
Other Governmental Fund						
Assigned	\$ 745,567	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Total Fund Balance	\$ 745,567	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Total Governmental Fund						
Nonspendable	\$ 179,073	\$ 106,290	\$	554,323	\$ 101,399	\$ 83,194
Restricted	105,707	-		-	-	-
Committed	800,000	800,000		241,061	218,744	208,780
Assigned	3,491,134	1,650,000		2,610,000	3,032,028	494,399
Unassigned	3,325,759	3,308,140		1,535,947	1,287,876	6,715,903
Total Fund Balance	\$ 7,901,673	\$ 5,864,430	\$	4,941,331	\$ 4,640,047	\$ 7,502,276

* Capital Fund did not exist prior to FY 2018-19

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	9,820,594	\$	8,751,531	\$	11,282,648	\$	10,591,708	\$	7,156,106
Revenues										
Service Abatement Revenue	\$	178,946	\$	196,867	\$	276,456	\$	242,504	\$	241,271
Special Benefit Assessment		1,820,829		1,724,614		1,631,961		1,655,926		1,627,009
Special Benefit Control Tax		489,214		489,095		487,599		486,768		486,144
Property Taxes		3,573,660		3,409,441		3,103,640		2,956,827		2,797,860
Other Tax Revenue		921,949		828,713		854,380		694,190		679,554
Investment Earnings		621,023		186,772		(272,008)		(22,605)		363,015
Other Revenue		40,153		18,787		150,391		41,630		63,313
Proceeds From Sale of Property		-		-		-		-		2,009,380
Capital Lease Financing		-		-		-		102,743		12,932
Total Revenue	\$	7,645,774	\$	6,854,289	\$	6,232,419	\$	6,157,983	\$	8,280,478
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	22,641	\$	3,846,475	\$	-	\$	
Expenditures										
Salaries & Benefits	\$	4,578,778	\$	3,896,720	\$	3,452,317	\$	3,477,118	\$	3,413,212
Materials and Supplies		1,295,676		1,264,646		1,332,066		1,238,260		1,299,132
Capital Outlay		105,200		287,473		7,780,475		700,375		101,733
Debt Service										
Principal		239,599		234,161		23,001		45,772		22,050
Interest		108,545		124,867		22,152		5,518		8,749
Total Debt Service	\$	348,144	\$	359,028	\$	45,153	\$	51,290	\$	30,799
Total Expenditures	\$	6,327,798	\$	5,807,867	\$	12,610,011	\$	5,467,043	\$	4,844,876
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,317,976	\$	1,069,063	\$	(2,531,117)	\$	690,940	\$	3,435,602
Ending Fund Balance	\$	11,138,570	\$	9,820,594	\$	8,751,531	\$	11,282,648	\$	10,591,708
Ratio of Debt Service to Non Capital Expenditures:		5.93%		6.96%		0.94%		1.09%		0.65%

* In FY 15-16 adjustent to financing sources were adjusted to adjust with GASB requirements related to pension liabilities.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

			F	Fiscal Year		
	 2019	 2018		2017	 2016 *	2015
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 5,864,430	\$ 4,941,331	\$	4,640,047	\$ 7,502,276	\$ 6,983,607
Revenues						
Service Abatement Revenue	\$ 233,273	\$ 273,725	\$	267,332	\$ 216,996	\$ 237,847
Special Benefit Assessment	1,624,577	1,579,436		1,499,338	1,428,542	1,427,237
Special Benefit Control Tax	485,759	491,930		486,683	461,679	461,080
Property Taxes	2,629,658	2,450,549		2,251,632	2,085,234	1,912,947
Other Tax Revenue	633,838	500,749		437,253	418,674	396,172
Investment Earnings	150,110	65,816		75,861	67,152	47,466
Other Revenue	66,629	108,264		15,105	57,100	282,243
Proceeds From Sale of Property Capital Lease Financing	-	-		-	-	-
Total Revenue	\$ 5,823,844	\$ 5,470,469	\$	5,033,204	\$ 4,735,377	\$ 4,764,992
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (3,482,886)	\$ 108,100
Expenditures						
Salaries & Benefits	\$ 3,204,327	\$ 3,125,648	\$	3,403,468	\$ 2,743,329	\$ 2,813,791
Materials and Supplies	1,165,632	1,379,234		1,264,641	1,290,897	1,143,437
Capital Outlay	127,925	23,064		25,133	61,613	316,009
Debt Service						
Principal	25,965	14,281		38,192	18,395	80,735
Interest	8,319	5,143		486	486	451
Total Debt Service	\$ 34,284	\$ 19,424	\$	38,678	\$ 18,881	\$ 81,186
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,532,168	\$ 4,547,370	\$	4,731,920	\$ 4,114,720	\$ 4,354,423
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,291,676	\$ 923,099	\$	301,284	\$ (2,862,229)	\$ 518,669
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 7,156,106	\$ 5,864,430	\$	4,941,331	\$ 4,640,047	\$ 7,502,276
Ratio of Debt Service to Non Capital Expenditures:	 0.78%	 0.43%		0.83%	 0.47%	 2.05%

* In FY 15-16 adjustent to financing sources were adjusted to adjust with GASB requirements related to pension liabilities.

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Real Property ²	Personal Property	Less: Tax Exempt Real Property	Plus: Tax Exempt Homeowner	Total Taxable Assessed Value ¹	% of Change Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	
2014	\$ 156,221,561	\$ 6,389,447	\$ 5,036,955	\$ 889,732	\$ 158,463,785	6%	1%	
2015	165,062,426	6,573,444	5,235,533	878,430	167,278,767	6%	1%	
2016	177,738,379	6,972,721	5,501,611	870,020	180,079,509	8%	1%	
2017	190,856,437	7,313,377	5,376,465	859,960	193,653,309	8%	1%	
2018	205,112,738	8,339,059	5,492,569	850,200	208,809,428	8%	1%	
2019	221,992,874	9,209,736	6,595,761	842,934	225,449,783	8%	1%	
2020	238,245,297	9,777,421	7,568,631	835,055	241,289,142	7%	1%	
2021	255,589,248	9,623,584	7,955,611	826,415	258,083,636	7%	1%	
2022	267,655,100	9,425,418	8,974,402	821,011	268,927,127	4%	1%	
2023	290,316,446	9,839,325	9,708,110	810,088	291,257,749	8%	1%	
10 year %	85.84%	1	92.74%	-8.95%	83.80%			
			Total Ta	xable Assessed Va	alue			
\$325,000,0	- 000							
\$260,000,0	000		n N					
\$195,000,0								

Source: Assessor's Office - County of San Mateo, California Notes:

2015

2016

2017

¹ Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, fixed the base for valuation of property that is subject to taxes at the full cash value that appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. Thereafter, full cash value can be increased to reflect:

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

a) annual inflation up to 2%,

\$130,000,000

b) current market value at time of ownership change, and

c) market value for new construction.

2014

² Value of taxable property in the County is not reassessed annually. Reassessment normally occurs when ownership changes.

2018

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Direct Rate ¹	Ov			
Fiscal	County	Local Special			
Year ³	General	Districts	Schools	Cities	Total
2014	1.0000	0.0009	0.1100	0.0039	1.1148
2015	1.0000	0.0008	0.1234	0.0037	1.1279
2016	1.0000	0.0011	0.1284	0.0032	1.1327
2017	1.0000	0.0010	0.1333	0.0029	1.1372
2018	1.0000	0.0010	0.1315	0.0027	1.1352
2019	1.0000	0.0014	0.1235	0.0025	1.1274
2020	1.0000	0.0013	0.1328	0.0023	1.1364
2021	1.0000	0.0013	0.1254	0.0044	1.1311
2022	1.0000	0.0012	0.1285	0.0037	1.1334
2023	1.0000	0.0010	0.1198	0.0034	1.1242

Source: Controller's Office - County of San Mateo, California Notes:

¹ On June 6, 1978, California voters approved a constitutional amendment to Article XIIIA of the California Constitution, commonly known as Proposition 13, that limits the taxing power of California public agencies. Legislation enacted to implement Article XIIIA (Statutes of 1978, Chapter 292, as amended) which provides that notwithstanding any other law, local agencies may not levy property taxes except to pay debt service on indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978. Proposition 13 allows each county to levy a maximum tax of \$1 per \$100 of full cash value. Full cash value is equivalent to assessed value pursuant to Statutes of 1978, Senate Bill 1656.

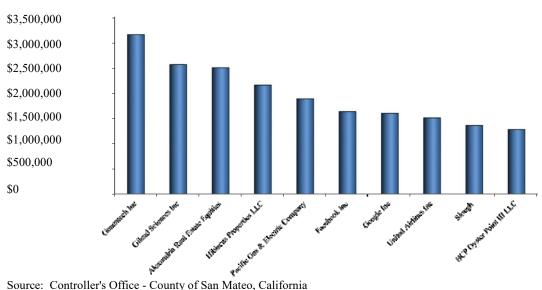
 2 These overlapping rates are in addition to the County rate, but only apply to taxpayers within the borders of the local special districts, schools, and cities that lie within the County.

³ Data includes retroactive revisions based on corrections to the categorization and inclusion of certain property tax rates.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Principal Property Assesses As of January 1, 2023 and January 1, 2014 (In Thousands)

			As of January 1, 2023			As of	, 2014	
					Percentage			Percentage
					of Total			of Total
		T	axable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
		As	ssessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Assessee	Nature of Business		Value	Rank	Value ²	Value ¹	Rank	Value ²
Genentech Inc	Biotechnology	\$ 3	,156,587	1	1.08%	\$ 1,702,972	1	1.07%
Gilead Sciences Inc	Biopharmaceutical	-	2,562,195	2	0.88%	841,741	3	0.53%
Alexandria Real Estate Equities	Real Estate		2,498,468	3	0.86%	355,496	8	0.22%
Hibiscus Properties LLC	Real Estate		2,160,218	4	0.74%			
Pacific Gas & Electric Company	Natural Gas Company		1,887,077	5	0.65%			
Facebook Inc	Technology		1,640,460	6	0.56%			
Google Inc	Technology		1,605,586	7	0.55%		2	
United Airlines Inc	Air Carrier		1,515,142	8	0.52%	1,586,582		1.00%
Slough	Lease		1,363,562	9	0.47%			
HCP Oyster Point III LLC	Biotechnology		1,283,255	10	0.44%		5	
Slough BTC LLC	Lease					573,834	6	0.36%
Slough SSF LLC DE	Lease					488,848	4	0.31%
Oracle Corporation	Software					628,740	7	0.40%
Pacific Shores Investors LLC	Investment					410,058	9	0.26%
Virgin America Inc	Air Carrier					330,953	10	0.21%
Wells Real Estate Investment Trust	Real Estate	1	9,672,550	-	6.75%	326,635		0.21%
Total		\$ 39	9,345,100	:	13.50%	\$7,245,859		4.57%

Principal Property Assesses as of January 1, 2023



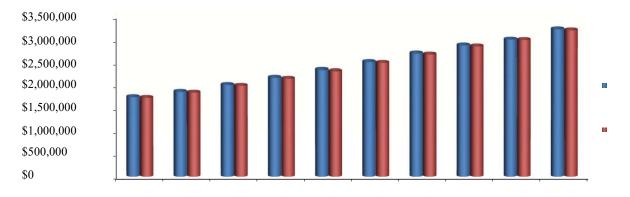
Source: Controller's Office - County of San Mateo, California Notes:

¹ Taxable assessed value includes locally and state assessed real and personal properties.

² Total taxable assessed value as of January 1, 2023 was approximately \$290 billion.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

		Total Tax 1	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				Total Collections to Date				
	General Levy	De	bt Service Lev	vy ²							
		Local						Со	llections		
Fiscal		Special					Percentage	in S	ubsequent		Percentage
Year	Countywide	Districts	Schools	Cities	Total	Amount	of Levy		Years	Amount	of Levy
2014	\$1,584,637	\$ 1,233	\$ 151,643	\$5,362	\$1,742,875	\$ 1,723,890	98.91%	\$	2,203	\$ 1,726,093	99.04%
2015	1,672,818	1,237	179,632	5,347	1,859,034	1,838,579	98.90%		2,058	1,840,637	99.01%
2016	1,800,795	1,716	201,131	5,051	2,008,693	1,985,831	98.86%		3,950	1,989,781	99.06%
2017	1,936,533	1,636	224,731	4,865	2,167,765	2,142,107	98.82%		2,130	2,144,237	98.91%
2018	2,088,094	1,897	239,323	4,880	2,334,194	2,302,415	98.64%		2,810	2,305,225	98.76%
2019	2,254,498	2,742	242,669	4,908	2,504,817	2,483,644	99.15%		1,277	2,484,921	99.21%
2020	2,412,891	2,825	279,525	4,816	2,700,057	2,665,985	98.74%		9,861	2,675,846	99.10%
2021	2,580,836	2,824	282,494	9,823	2,875,977	2,848,982	99.06%		4,813	2,853,795	99.23%
2022	2,689,271	2,755	301,732	8,577	3,002,335	2,983,060	99.36%		11,046	2,994,106	99.73%
2023	2,912,577	2,659	304,570	8,666	3,228,472	3,205,184	99.28%		n/a	3,205,184	99.28%



Property Tax Levies and Collections

Source: Controller's Office - County of San Mateo, California Notes:

Data includes retroactive revisions based on corrections to the categorization and inclusion of certain property tax and debt service revenues.

¹ Figures show general tax dollars from secured, unsecured, homeowners, unitary and utility assessment rolls after tax shifts to schools.

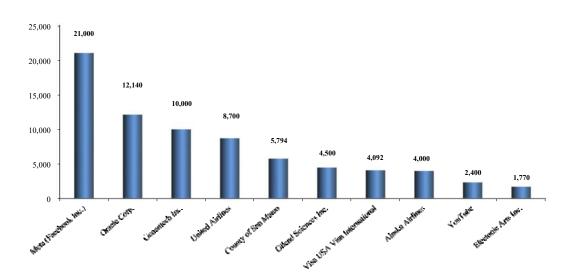
² Figures represent debt service levy for the local taxing agencies.

 3 Total taxes levied for each fiscal year are based on the original property value assessment rolls provided by the County Assessor's Office. n/a - Information is unavailable.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Principal Employers Year 2022 and Year 2014

				Percentage of			Percentage of
		Number of		Total County	Number of		Total County
Employer	Business Type	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Meta (Facebook Inc.)	Social Network	21000	1	4.75%	3,957	5	0.96%
Oracle Corp.	Hardware and Software	12140	2	2.75%	6,750	3	1.63%
Genentech Inc.	Biotechnology	10000	3	2.26%	9,800	2	2.37%
United Airlines	Airline	8700	4	1.97%	10,000	1	2.42%
County of San Mateo	Government	5794	5	1.31%	5,472	4	1.32%
Gilead Sciences Inc.	Biotechnology	4500	6	1.02%	3,115	8	0.75%
Visa USA/Visa International	Global Payments	4092	7	0.93%	3,500	7	0.85%
Alaska Airlines	Airline	4000	8	0.91%			
YouTube	Online Video-Streaming	2400	9	0.54%			
Electronic Arts Inc.	Video Game Developer	1770	10	0.40%			
Kaiser Permanente	Health Care				3,900	6	0.94%
Mills-Peninsula Health Services	Health Care				2,500	9	0.61%
San Mateo Community College	College				2,285	10	0.56%
Total		74,396		16.84%	51,279		12.41%

Principal Employers Year 2022



Source: San Francisco Business Times - 2023 Book of Lists. San Francisco Business Times-Confirmation Email. California Employment Development Department

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San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year	Leases	Private Placement	otal Outstanding ebt Governmental Activities	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Population ⁽¹⁾	Debt P	er Capita
2015	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	NA	765,479	\$	-
2016	-	-	-	NA	767,928		-
2017	19,194	-	19,194	NA	768,658		0.02
2018	103,701	-	103,701	NA	768,410		0.13
2019	77,736	-	77,736	NA	764,810		0.10
2020	68,618	-	68,618	NA	762,478		0.09
2021	125,588	-	125,588	NA	739,149		0.17
2022	82,013	3,825,000	3,907,013	NA	728,929		5.36
2023	77,663	3,617,831	3,695,494	NA	726,353		5.09
2024	51,241	3,404,654	3,455,895	NA	723,777		4.77

⁽¹⁾ Personal income and population disclosed on Demographic and Economic Statistics table

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Direct and Overlapping Debt as of June 30, 2024

	\$ 307,775,168	=		
NRECT AND OVERA ADDIG CENTER AL FUND DEDT	Debt	(1)		Estimated Share of
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:	Outstanding \$ 554,572	% Applicable ⁽¹⁾	¢	Overlapping Debt
San Mateo County General Fund Obligations San Mateo County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	· · · · ·	100	\$	554,57
City of Burlingame General Fund and Pension Obligation Bonds	5,735 41,460	100 100		5,73 41,46
City of Pacifica General Fund and Pension Obligation Bonds	22,975	100		22,97
City of San Mateo General Fund Obligations	57,735	100		57,73
City of South San Francisco General Fund Obligations	185,105	100		185,10
Other City General Fund and Pension Obligation Bonds	84,210	100		84,2
Midpeninsula Regional Open Space Park General Fund Obligations	79,796	32		25,9
Woodside Fire Protection District General Fund Obligations	11,785	100		11,7
Highland Recreation General Fund Obligations	1,879	100		11,7
South San Francisco Unified School District Certificates of Participation	2,560	100		2,5
Jefferson Union High School District Certificates of Participation	46,845	100		
				46,8
Belmont-Redwood Shores School District Certificates of Participation	4,498 701	100 100		4,4 7
Portola Valley School District Certificates of Participation				
San Bruno Park School District General Fund Obligations	1,450	100		1,4
San Mateo County Flood and Sea LRR District General Fund Obligations	13,065	100		13,0
San Mateo County Mosquito & Vector Control District General Fund Obligations	3,455	100		3,4
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$	1,063,9
Less: City Supported Obligations				1,3
Highlands Recreation Supported Obligations				1,4
VERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: San Mateo Community College District	\$ 682,237	100	\$	682,2
Cabrillo Unified School District	134,615	100		134,6
La Honda-Pescadero Unified School District	12,565	100		12,5
South San Francisco Unified School District	303,407	100		303,4
Jefferson Union High School District	338,312	100		338,3
San Mateo Union High School District	703,111	100		703,1
Sequoia Union High School District	488,322	100		488,3
Belmont-Redwood Shores School and School Facilities Improvement Districts	125,748	100		125,7
Burlingame School District	190,086	100		190,0
Hillsborough School District	98,868	100		98,8
Jefferson School District	137,920	100		137,9
Las Lomitas School District	113,960	100		113,9
Menlo Park City School District	112,068	100		112,0
Redwood City School District	255,875	100		255,8
San Carlos School District	94,589	100		94,5
San Carlos School District	497,628	100		497,6
		100		424,2
San Mateo-Foster City School District	424,284			127,7
San Mateo-Foster City School District Other School Districts	424,284 127,740	100		
San Mateo-Foster City School District Other School Districts Other Cities		100 32		
San Mateo-Foster City School District Other School Districts Other Cities Midpeninsula Open Space Park District	127,740			26,19 4,3
San Carlos School District San Mateo-Foster City School District Other School Districts Other Cities Midpeninsula Open Space Park District Montara Sanitary District Community Facilities District	127,740 80,700	32		26,1
San Mateo-Foster City School District Other School Districts Other Cities Midpeninsula Open Space Park District Montara Sanitary District	127,740 80,700 4,302	32 100		26,1 4,3

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Direct and Overlapping Debt (Continued) as of June 30, 2024

OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agencies):	\$ 99,948	100	\$ 99,948	
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$ 3,455	
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 6,045,789	(2)
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 6,042,958	
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 6,049,244	(2)
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 6,046,413	

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within the boundaries of the county.
⁽²⁾ Excludes enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, tax and revenue anticipation notes, and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

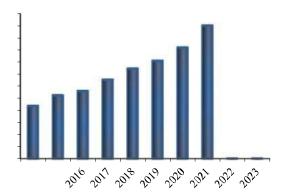
\$ 3,455	0.00%
	1.62%
	2.00%
	2.00%
\$ 33,479,205	
	0.30%
\$ \$	

AB:(\$350 - update)

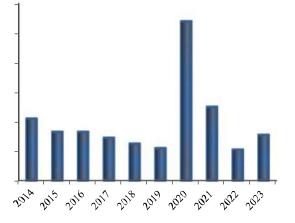
San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

	Population ¹	Total Personal Income ⁵	Per Capita Personal	Median	K-12 Public School	Average Unemployment
Year	(January 1st)	(in millions)	Income	Age ⁴	Enrollment ²	Rate ³
2014	758,581	\$ 71,027	\$ 93,802	39.4	94,667	4.2%
2015	759,155	78,525	102,639	39.8	95,187	3.3%
2016	765,895	81,488	106,115	39.5	95,502	3.3%
2017	770,256	89,149	115,556	39.9	95,620	2.9%
2018	772,372	96,226	124,705	39.9	95,155	2.5%
2019	774,231	100,799	131,180	39.9	94,234	2.2%
2020	771,061	108,470	142,264	39.8	93,554	10.8%
2021	751,596	118,420	160,485	40.8	90,315	5.0%
2022	740,821	n/a	n/a	41.4	86,422	2.1%
2023	737,644	n/a	n/a	n/a	84,836	3.1%

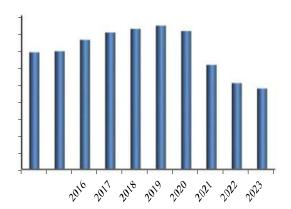
Population



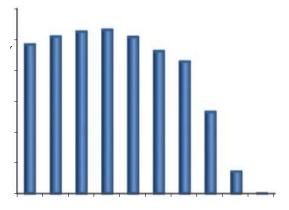
K-12 Public School Enrollment



Per Capita Personal Income



Average Unemployment Rate



Sources:

Data include retroactive revisions by the State of California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit.

- ² Data include retroactive revisions by the State of California Department of Education.
- ³ Data include retroactive revisions by the State of California Employment Development Department. Unemployment rates are non-seasonally adjusted for June.
- ⁴ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.
- ⁵ Data include retroactive revisions by the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- ⁶ Unemployment rate increased in FY 2020 due to COVID-19 pandemic.

Note:

All data are presented in calendar year except for public school enrollment and average unemployment rate. n/a - Information is unavailable.

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Full and Part Time District Employees Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
D' (' ())	1	1		1		1		1		1
District Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant Manager	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Finance Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Services Director	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Public Health Education Officer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Accountant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Office Administrator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Facilities Maintenance Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Laboratory Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vector Ecologist	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3
Laboratory Technician	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Field Operations Director	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Field Operations Supervisor	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vector Control Technician	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8
Vector Control Technician/Mechanic	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	23	23	23	23	23	22	23	22	22	22

Source: District Annual Reports

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Capital Assets Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2024		2023		2022		2021		 2020
Land	\$	3,854,525	\$	3,854,525	\$	3,854,525	\$	91,167	\$ 91,167
Construction in Progress		196,038		134,305		-		348,315	-
Structures and Improvements		8,352,828		8,352,828		8,343,857		4,200,238	4,061,104
Furniture and Equipment		714,204		765,364		715,383		647,473	576,614
Vehicles		682,209		808,019		808,019		1,017,115	884,502
Vehicles - leased assets		225,334		161,188		161,188		-	-
Software		270,486		270,486		215,486		215,486	215,486
Total Capital Assets	\$	14,295,624	\$	14,346,715	\$	14,098,458	\$	6,519,794	\$ 5,828,873
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$	(4,013,243)	\$	(3,797,161)	\$	(3,556,487)	\$	(3,427,257)	\$ (3,240,641)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	10,282,381	\$	10,549,554	\$	10,541,971	\$	3,092,537	\$ 2,588,232

Source: District Financial Statements

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Capital Assets (Continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019		 2018		2017		2016		2015
Land	\$	710,889	\$ 710,889	\$	710,889	\$	710,889	\$	710,889
Construction in Progress		-	-		25,133		181,960		159,600
Structures and Improvements		4,841,255	4,746,990		4,711,653		4,704,388		4,691,393
Furniture and Equipment		758,673	742,021		767,830		764,379		741,840
Vehicles		852,155	852,155		933,753		941,334		960,505
Vehicles - leased assets		-	-		-		-		-
Software		202,611	 194,835		181,960		-		-
Total Capital Assets	\$	7,365,583	\$ 7,246,890	\$	7,331,218	\$	7,302,950	\$	7,264,227
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$	(3,513,161)	\$ (3,305,763)	\$	(3,269,493)	\$	(3,081,751)	\$	(2,808,026)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	3,852,422	\$ 3,941,127	\$	4,061,725	\$	4,221,199	\$	4,456,201

Source: District Financial Statements

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Performance Measures Calendar Year (CY) 2013-2023

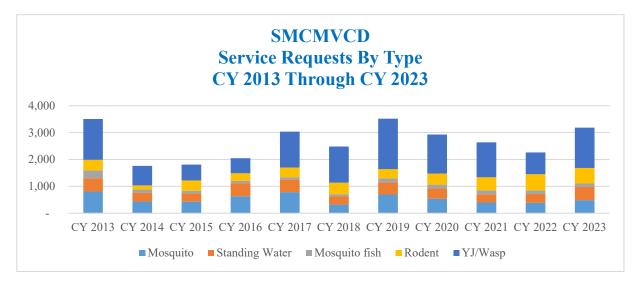
	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016	CY 2017	CY 2018
Surveillance for Mosquitoes	01 2010	01 2014	01 2013	01 2010	01 2017	01 2010
Trapping Effort - # of CO2 trap nights	486	2,015	1,715	1,154	1,030	1,129
Trapping Effort - # of trap nights (non-CO2 traps)	1,591	7,601	12,207	6,444	15,526	19,516
Number of Autocidal Gravid Ovitrap trap nights	-	3,424	3,861	994	-	-
Number of BG-Gravid Autocidal trap nights	-	-	-	-	-	175
Number of BG-Sentinel trap nights	-	60	-	12	16	42
Number of Reiter-Cummings Gravid trap nights	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of ovicup trap nights	685	2,838	7,002	4,322	14,720	19,299
Number of Catchmaster Oasis trap nights	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of New Jersey Light Trap trap nights	906	1,279	1,344	1,116	790	-
Number of Larval Samples submitted and identified	498	929	871	782	590	456
Inspections and Treatments for Mosquitoes						
# of Sites Inspected for Mosquito Larvae	25,713	30,093	29,213	26,780	28,314	28,558
# of Sites Treated	9,036	11,847	12,692	13,214	8,629	7,639
% of sources positive for mosquito larvae	0	0	0	0	0	0
Surveillance for West Nile Virus						
Number of Human cases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of Dead birds tested	62	147	158	111	79	123
Number of Sentinel Chickens maintained per season	10	19	27	29	30	14
Sentinel Chicken samples tested	480	385	407	418	420	186
Number of mosquito pools tested	175	435	204	244	4	131
Surveillance for Rodent-borne Disease						
Number of Rodents tested (Hantavirus, Plague, Borellia)	32	15	18	70	43	54
Surveillance for Tick-borne Disease						
Number of tick collection Dates	19	32	31	22	32	59
Number of Ticks collected	1,166	2,448	3,164	2,450	3,051	7,589
Number of tick pools tested	140	533	652	1,029	973	1,063

San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Performance Measures (Continued) Calendar Year (CY) 2013-2023

	CY 2019	CY 2020	CY 2021	CY 2022	CY 2023
Surveillance for Mosquitoes					
Trapping Effort - # of CO2 trap nights	1,355	1,604	1,552	1,491	1,514
Trapping Effort - # of trap nights (non-CO2 traps)	17,450	20,259	15,491	16,250	18,316
Number of Autocidal Gravid Ovitrap trap nights	-	-	-	-	-
Number of BG-Gravid Autocidal trap nights	2,047	1,299	774	297	305
Number of BG-Sentinel trap nights	14	10	-	10	16
Number of Reiter-Cummings Gravid trap nights	171	109	2	-	-
Number of ovicup trap nights	15,218	18,841	14,715	15,943	17,697
Number of Catchmaster Oasis trap nights	-	-	-	-	298
Number of New Jersey Light Trap trap nights	-	-	-	-	-
Number of Larval Samples submitted and identified	1,079	821	1,075	1,516	1,624
Inspections and Treatments for Mosquitoes					
# of Sites Inspected for Mosquito Larvae	27,329	32,212	30,108	38,984	37,004
# of Sites Treated	8,509	9,567	8,581	10,761	9,737
% of sources positive for mosquito larvae	0	0	0	0	0
Surveillance for West Nile Virus					
Number of Human cases	-	-	1	1	4
Number of Dead birds tested	63	85	78	64	84
Number of Sentinel Chickens maintained per season	14	14	14	14	14
Sentinel Chicken samples tested	198	171	168	182	93
Number of mosquito pools tested	118	267	127	158	497
Surveillance for Rodent-borne Disease					
Number of Rodents tested (Hantavirus, Plague, Borellia)	19	-	-	-	9
Surveillance for Tick-borne Disease					
Number of tick collection Dates	47	40	41	48	48
Number of Ticks collected	5,748	2,904	5,015	5,286	2,849
Number of tick pools tested	1,264	586	891	1,124	792

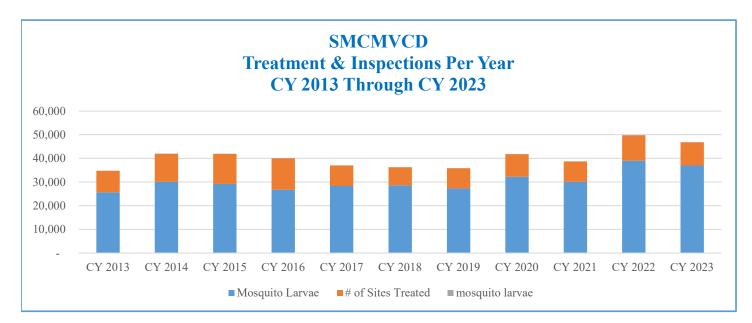
San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Service Requests

	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016	CY 2017	CY 2018	CY 2019	CY 2020	CY 2021	CY 2022	CY 2023
Mosquito	809	437	429	630	784	321	696	540	399	389	486
Standing Water	491	321	300	488	465	304	452	383	311	324	488
Mosquito fish	293	122	109	90	89	85	150	141	140	140	131
Rodent	396	153	383	281	364	428	344	408	488	600	576
YJ/Wasp	1,515	725	586	556	1,328	1,339	1873	1456	1296	806	1501
Grand Total	3,504	1,758	1,807	2,045	3,030	2,477	3,515	2,928	2,634	2,259	3,182

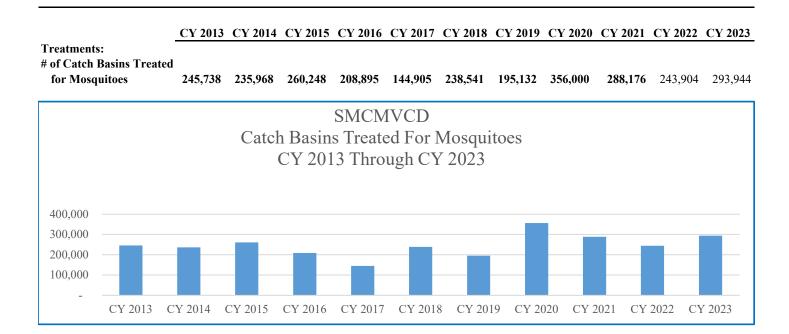


San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Treatment and Inspections by Year

	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016	CY 2017	CY 2018	CY 2019	CY 2020	CY 2021	CY 2022	CY 2023
# of Sites Inspected for											
Mosquito Larvae	25,713	30,093	29,213	26,780	28,314	28,558	27,329	32,212	30,108	38,984	37,004
# of Sites Treated	9,036	11,847	12,692	13,214	8,629	7,639	8,509	9,567	8,581	10,761	9,737
% of sources positive for											
mosquito larvae	35%	39%	43%	49%	30%	27%	31%	30%	29%	28%	26%



San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Catch Basins Treated for Mosquitoes





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www.pungroup.cpa



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Burlingame, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



To the Board of Trustees of the San Mateo County Mosquito and Vector Control District Burlingame, California Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Pur Group, LLP

Santa Ana, California December 3, 2024